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GLOBUS

THE JERUSALEM POST

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FEBRUARY 7, 1960

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3 French Ministers In Algiers for 'Clean-Up'

ALGIERS (Reuter). — Three senior French Ministers arrived in Algiers by air from Paris on Saturday to carry out a "clean-up" mission for President de Gaulle after the recent abortive settler revolt.

They will make a searching investigation of Algeria's civil and military administration and report back to the President on how Algeria can be "put back in order."

The Ministers—MM. Pierre Messmer (Defence), Pierre Chatenet (Interior), and Edmond Michelet (Justice) — are not expected to take any firm decisions here but will report to the Cabinet in Paris next Wednesday.

The Ministers' arrival strengthens the impression here that responsibility for the "mopping-up" operations, designed to prevent any new adventures against the Government and General de Gaulle's self-determination policy, has been taken out of the hands of the local authorities and is being directed straight from Paris.

Reporters who have asked officials here about reported arrests and forced residence orders have been told: "There is no official confirmation." Inquiries about disciplinary measures in the army are referred to the Defence Ministry in Paris.

Papers Censored

Algiers newspapers are still censored by the army and the authorities yesterday announced the seizure of the popular Paris newspaper "Paris-Jour" and of five French political weeklies, ranging from left to right-wing, on their arrival in Algiers.

Officials said the newspapers were seized with the aim of maintaining the calm political atmosphere in Algiers.

In Paris, General de Gaulle on Friday formally dismissed two of his ministers — including "Deputy Premier" Jacques Soustelle, a close colleague for 20 years.

M. Soustelle — Minister-Delegate for Overseas Lands (except Algeria), for the Sahara and atomic matters, lost the former two posts to M. Robert Lecourt (Catholic M.R.P.)

M. Bernard Cornut-Gentille, Posts Minister, was replaced by M. Michel Maurice-Bokanowski (Gaullist), former Secretary of State for the Interior.

A Ministerial shuffle also brought in a new Defence Minister, M. Pierre Messmer (non-party), in place of M. Pierre Guillaumat, a new Information Minister, M. Louis Terrenoir (Gaullist), in place of M. Roger Frey; and created the post of Secretary of State for Relations with the French Community, which is filled by M. Jean Foyer (Gaullist.)

Ministers-Delegate

M. Frey and M. Guillaumat became Ministers-Delegate at the Office of the Prime Minister, the latter taking over M. Soustelle's atomic energy portfolio.

A communique from the Elysee Palace said General de Gaulle had made the appointments on the proposals of M. Michel Debré, the Prime Minister, and "approved the departure" of M. Soustelle and M. Cornut-Gentille.

The political complexion of the reshuffled Cabinet remains unchanged, observers said.

Following announcement of his dismissal, M. Soustelle declared that he was "excluded from the Government to the applause of those who have never forgiven the part I played in the foundation of the new regime."

M. Soustelle said in a statement that "the highest authority in the country" (General de Gaulle) had acknowledged that he had had no part and no responsibility in recent tragic events in Algeria.

"Thus the exclusion of which I am the object has no other motive than the attachment I intend to keep, against all comers, to the cause of French Algeria."

M. Soustelle declared: "On this point, nothing and no one will change my conviction. I can only obey my conscience."

Sahara Atomic Test Set for Tuesday

By ISRAEL NEUMANN
Jerusalem Post Correspondent

PARIS. — Technicians have completed preparations for the Sahara atomic tests, and General Ailleret, who is in charge of the operation, has set the explosion for Tuesday, *The Jerusalem Post* learned from reliable sources.

Unfavourable atmospheric conditions, however, might cause a last-minute postponement, it was also learned.

French observers, including entrenched troops, will watch the explosion and gather information concerning the bomb's functioning and the effects of the explosion. Contrary to rumours, it is believed that the explosion will not take place at Reggan but at the more stony southern desert site of Hammoudia.

Army sources hint that the French bomb is perhaps five times as powerful as the bomb which was dropped on Hiroshima.

After a second explosion, which will follow soon after the first, France will concentrate on developing smaller atomic weapons.

The former Minister for the Sahara, M. Jacques Soustelle, will not be permitted to observe the operation, because of a statement he made an hour after his dismissal, which, according to observers, implied that he was assuming the leadership of the right-wing opposition (see adjoining column).

Soustelle is expected to resign or be expelled from the Gaullist National Reunion Party which he founded and of which he served as Secretary-General.

Several departmental secretaries are expected to follow him, but the party's central leaders and parliamentarians with few exceptions are siding with General de Gaulle in the now open controversy on Algeria.

ANTI-SEMITES HELD

The French anti-Semitic movement on Friday lost its open leadership when the leader of "Jeune Nation," Pierre Sidos, went underground to avoid arrest. Warrants have also been issued for the arrest of Venner and Malardier, close collaborators of Sidos.

Ten examining magistrates are now studying masses of material and documents seized during searches, which reveal that the Metropolitan conspirators were in league with the Algerian insurgents. The police have identified the head of the Metropolitan plotters but have not revealed his identity. He is rumoured to be General Cherriere.

Paris Sends Reply To 'Quit Bizerta' Note

PARIS (Reuter). — The French Foreign Ministry on Friday night said the French reply to President Bourguiba's note on the evacuation of Bizerta had been handed to the Tunisian Government in Tunis.

They declined to give any details.

President Bourguiba has demanded French acceptance of the principle that the base should be evacuated by February 8.

The Tunisian Ambassador to France, M. Habib Bourguiba Jnr., arrived in Tunis yesterday after talks with General de Gaulle and other French officials on Tunisia's evacuation demand.

I HAVE A BABY...
WHAT'S HER NAME ?

Gronchi Begins State Visit To Moscow

MOSCOW (Reuter). — President Giovanni Gronchi of Italy called on Marshal Kliment Voroshilov and Mr. Nikita Khrushchev, Soviet President and Prime Minister, in the Kremlin yesterday after arriving here for a five-day state visit. This is the first visit here of an Italian head of state for 50 years.

At the same time, it was reported that Mr. Khrushchev will take his son, two daughters, grand-daughter and son-in-law with him on visits to India, Burma, Indonesia and Afghanistan next week. His wife, who went with him to the U.S. last September, will not accompany him this time.

Earlier, Mr. and Mrs. Gronchi had received a much more intimate welcome at snow-covered Vnukovo Airport than is usually accorded to visiting statesmen.

In their airport speeches, President Gronchi and President Voroshilov, who had landed only half-an-hour earlier after his two-week tour of India and Nepal, expressed the hope that Mr. Gronchi's talks here would lead to better international relations.

On Mr. Krushchev's Asian tour, which grew out of an original invitation from President Sukarno to visit the Indonesian Republic, the Soviet Premier will be accompanied by Foreign Minister Andrei Gromyko, Cultural Minister Nikolai Mikhailov, Mr. Georgi Zhukov, in Charge of Overseas Cultural Relations; and by Mr. Semeon Skachkov, Chairman of the State Committee for Economic Relations.

The Presidium of the Supreme Soviet, the visitors' hosts, last night gave a dinner in the Kremlin for Mr. and Mrs. Gronchi. Marshal Voroshilov, Mr. Khrushchev and many other Soviet leaders were present.

East Bloc Endorses Soviet Arms Cut

MOSCOW (Reuter). — The Warsaw Pact powers issued a declaration on Friday, after their one-day meeting in Moscow, endorsing the Soviet Union's recent one-third cut in troops and Mr. Nikita Khrushchev's assessment of West Germany's position.

Large sections of the declaration repeat the sentiments contained in the Premier's recent letter to the West German Chancellor, Dr. Konrad Adenauer, with concern at a prospect of atomic armament of the West German army and the so-called "revanchist" tendencies of the West German Government.

The declaration was signed with great pomp by the party and Government leaders of the eight pact nations in the Kremlin.

But probably the significance of the declaration, which appears at first glance largely to be of routine nature, lies in what is left out rather than in what it contains.

There is no mention of any further troop reductions on the part of the Warsaw treaty powers, the size of the Soviet contingents which will be left in Eastern Europe after the Soviet Union's one-third reduction in forces, or any possibility of the Soviet Union's arming of its allies with rockets if the summit fails to live up to expectations.

ADENAUER, IKE MEET IN MARCH

WASHINGTON (Retuer). — Dr. Konrad Adenauer, the West German Chancellor, will make a three-day visit to Washington on his way to Japan in March, the White House announced yesterday. He will lunch with President Eisenhower on March 15.

Officials said it is up to Adenauer what subjects will be discussed during his stay. They believe that Berlin and the German problem are the two topics which will weigh most heavily on his mind.

Other possible subjects, officials said, are U.S.-European trade problems, aid to underdeveloped countries and German assets in the U.S.

U.S. 'Moon' Fails To Go Into Orbit

The United States suffered two missile failures during the weekend. On Friday, a Titan intercontinental ballistic missile exploded and crashed in the Atlantic Ocean several miles off Cape Canaveral, Florida less than a minute after it was launched.

At Vandenberg Air Base, California on Thursday night, the Air Force announced about two hours after launching a Discoverer satellite that it had failed to orbit and had fallen back into the earth's atmosphere. It was the ninth such rocket that the U.S. had launched and the third to fail to achieve orbit.

None of the nine Discoverer satellites has fulfilled its main objective — the recovery of a capsule ejected from the satellite to prepare the way for the successful return to earth of the U.S. Astronauts in the man-in-space programme.

2 Cologne Swastika Daubers Jailed for 10 and 14 Months

COLOGNE, West Germany (Reuter). — Two young West Germans who started a world-wide wave of swastika daubing with the desecration of Cologne synagogue on Christmas Eve were sent to prison here on Saturday.

Arnold Strunk, a baker's assistant, stood with his head bowed as he was sentenced to 14 months' imprisonment, while the flamboyant, tousle-headed clerk, Paul Josef Schoenen, was jailed for 10 months. Both are 25 and former members of the extreme right-wing German Reich Party (D.R.P.). They were expelled from the party after their arrest.

The public prosecutor had asked for a sentence of 27 months for Strunk and 21 months for Schoenen. Maximum sentence possible was five years' hard labour.

Costs were awarded against the accused, who were also deprived of civil rights for two years.

Lawyers for the accused said after the hearing that their clients had not yet decided whether to appeal.

Dr. Hans Metze, the Court President, described the accused as "political amateurs, scatterbrains and psychopaths."

He said in his judgment that the trial had produced no concrete facts to show that an anti-Semitic organization was behind the crime. But the Court did accept the prosecution's contention that the accused had been under some influence from outside.

Party Denials

(Leaders of the D.R.P. have repeatedly denied that the party was in any way connected with the Cologne incidents, or that the party is anti-Semitic).

Dr. Metze, in his judgment, said: "Far be it for the Court to minimize this crime. It is shameful and dangerous. Scatterbrains can become the recruits for the storm troopers of a new movement. But the punishment has to be in line with the degree of guilt, and with the characters of the perpetrators."

He said the crime would have been assessed in a different way had it been perpetrated by normal people.

"The order of the state has not been particularly endangered by this crime. A serious danger to order was not there — thank God not yet," he added.

At this point, one or two voices from the back of the court echoed the words "not yet."

The President said the Court "agreed that too severe a punishment — as was demanded in many quarters — would not have helped in the fight against genuine anti-Semitism. Rather the contrary."

"We believe that this verdict is better suited to contribute to a general calming down," he added.

The Court ordered the confiscation of a pistol which Strunk was found to possess illegally. It also authorized the owners of a night club where Strunk wrote anti-Semitic slogans in a toilet, to announce the verdict in three Cologne newspapers at Strunk's expense.

The Court was told on Friday how Strunk daubed swastikas and the words "Jews get out" on the synagogue. He was also said to have obliterated with paint the words "In memory of Germany's most shameful time, 1933-45," on a monument to victims of Nazism.

Both accused said that the monument daubing had been Schoenen's idea, while Strunk thought of daubing the synagogue.

Strunk said he wanted to publicize his belief that Jews should leave West Germany, while Schoenen said he wanted to protest against the implied collective guilt in the monument inscription.

Two Badly Hurt In Shemen Explosion

HAIFA.—Four workers were injured — two of them seriously burned — and damage estimated at tens of thousands of pounds was caused in an explosion in the oil extraction plant at the Shemen works last night.

The two seriously injured are Ya'acov Levenberg and Avraham Linsker. They are in Rambam Hospital.

The explosion occurred at 10.50 p.m. and was followed by a fire which was extinguished after a short time by the fire brigade.

The cause of the explosion has not yet been established. When the explosion occurred oil and benzine, which is used as a solvent in the extraction process, was being mixed in a tank of crushed soya beans.

The part of the building in which the benzine tank is housed was wrecked completely.

According to the workers, seven additional tanks of benzine and oil are housed in other parts of the building. Immediately following the explosion, workers cut off the electricity to that wing of the building. This presence of mind may have been instrumental in preventing further damage.

The manager of the plant, Mr. Uri Shalon, was on the spot immediately after the alarm was given.

19 Cubans Held After Anti-Mikoyan Riot

HAVANA (Reuter). — Nineteen anti-Communist university students were in jail here yesterday awaiting trial for their part in Friday's demonstration, during which gunfire interrupted the opening of the Soviet Exhibition by Soviet First Deputy Premier Anastas Mikoyan.

They were reportedly part of a group of about 30 demonstrators who tried to remove the Soviet flag and a wreath which Mr. Mikoyan had placed on the statue of the Cuban patriot, Jose Marti, in Central Park, and replace them with the Cuban flag and a wreath of their own.

The demonstrators, who carried banners reading: "Down With Mikoyan, Down With Communism," marched to the park a few minutes after Mr. Mikoyan had left for the Palace of Fine Arts three blocks away to open the exhibition. Police and army troops fired into the air to disperse the crowd. No one was injured.

The Soviet leader and the Cuban Premier, Dr. Fidel Castro, were on the speakers' platform when the shooting began. Officials immediately pulled Mr. Mikoyan off the stand to protect him from the firing. Dr. Castro went to the scene of the demonstration, where he calmed the milling crowds.

The students have denied charges that they provoked the disorders, claiming they hade merely intended to place a wreath of their own on the statue and were attacked by Communists.

Outside the police station where the demonstrators had been detained, a crowd chanted "*Paredon! Paredon!*" (Firing Squad).

HOPE ABANDONED FOR ENTOMBED MINERS

CAPETOWN (Reuter). — The South African Prime Minister, Dr. Hendrik Verwoerd, told Parliament on Friday all hope for the lives of the 435 miners trapped in the Coalbrook pit a fortnight ago had been given up.

Earlier, television cameras and the anguished pleas of rescuers over powerful microphones lowered down the boreholes failed to trace any sign of life in the mine.

Only the sound of running water filled the hypersensitive microphones and no human shape was discernible on the television screens at the surface.

Mass Dominican Arrests Reported

NEW YORK (Reuter).—The Dominican Republic this week sentenced 40 people, at least four of whom are sons of Government-connected officials, to 30-year prison terms with hard labour, "The New York Times" reported yesterday.

It said the announcement was made on Thursday in "El Caribe," the Dominican Government-controlled newspaper of Ciudad Trujillo, copies of which were obtained in San-Juan, Puerto Rico.

The 40 were accused of attempts against the security of the State.

"The New York Times" reported that information reaching Washington in diplomatic dispatches from Latin America had placed at 850 to 1,500 the number of persons recently arrested by the Trujillo regime.

Many of those arrested had been subjected to brutality, the reports added.

Venezuela on Friday night asked the Organization of American States (O.A.S.) to call an immediate meeting to consider reports of mass arrests in the Dominican Republic.

Usually reliable sources said a meeting was expected to be called in a few days.

Egypt Refuses To Pay For Unloading Toft

PORT SAID (Reuter). — The release of the 4,000-ton Danish freighter Inge Toft, held here since last May, was jeopardized last night when customs authorities here refused to pay the cost of unloading her cargo.

The ship's agents said on Thursday that they had received orders to unload the ship on condition that Egypt paid for the unloading.

The customs administration in Alexandria then said they had advised the Port Said harbour authorities to pay — and retain the costs from the proceeds of the sale of the cargo.

The agents for the Inge Toft sent a cable to the owners of the vessel in Copenhagen last night informing them of the new development.

A spokesman for the agents said the owners were simply interested in the vessel's release after it had been unloaded, but were not prepared to pay the unloading expenses for cargo which did not belong to them

An answer from the owners is expected on Monday.

The cost of unloading the Inge Toft is estimated to be about LE1,000.

The Director of Customs at Port Said told reporters last night that it had been decided to refuse to pay for unloading "in case Israel then claimed that the vessel had been unloaded by force."

Cairo Claims Astypalea Owners Sue Charterers

CAIRO (AFP).— Cairo newspapers claimed yesterday that the Greek owners of the ship Astypalea have filed against the Israel agents who chartered the ship, accusing them of having falsely promised that the vessel and its cargo would be allowed to pass through the Suez Canal.

(No confirmation of the Cairo report was immediately obtainable last night from any authoritative source.)

It is known that pressure has been exercized on the owners to have the vessel unloaded.

Eckardt Denies 'No Israel Ties' Quotes

BONN (Reuter). — The West German Government Chief of Information, Dr. Felix von Eckardt, has denied saying that West Germany would never establish diplomatic relations with Israel.

This was disclosed at a press conference on Friday by a West German spokesman, after the Government had received from Dr. von Eckardt his version of the statement he made to newsmen during his recent visit to the Old City of Jerusalem.

In the note, Dr. von Eckardt claims to have said, in reply to a question by a journalist, that the question of West German-Israel diplomatic relations "is not, for the time being, under consideration. One cannot predict what might happen later."

In reply to a question, the spokesman said that Dr. von Eckardt had not mentioned West German-Israel economic ties.

In Cairo on Friday, Dr. von Eckardt told a press conference that West Germany had the greatest interest in the political, cultural and economic problems of the Arab nations.

Speaking before his departure for Bonn, Dr. von Eckardt said he hoped his tour of the Middle East would promote West Germany's understanding of these problems.

Answering questions on the possibility of West German-Israel diplomatic relations, Dr. von Eckardt said there had been no consultation with Israel on this matter and he was unable to prophesy whether the situation would change in the future.

Tanganyika Minister: Israel Ready to Extend Expert Aid

DAR ES SALAM (AFP). — If the people of Tanganyika are ready to "accept the yoke of hard work", Israel is prepared to help the country in its development by sending experts and technical advisers, the Minister of Urban Local Government and Works, Mr. Amir Jamal, said on Friday on his return from an extended visit in Israel.

Mr. Jamal, the first Tanganyikan Minister to visit Israel, added that the principal areas of possible cooperation between the two countries are agricultural settlement and production. Referring to Israel's cooperative settlement system, he thought that if Tanganyika could find "the right men and women," the country could emulate Burma in sending study teams to Israel for extended periods.

"I was so impressed by what I saw in Israel that it was sometimes difficult to keep my perspective," Mr. Jamal said. "They have extended the hand of friendship to us and are prepared to place at our disposal the fruit of their research and experience."

At the same time, he stressed that Israel "enjoys a large-scale influx of capital, something that Tanganyika has yet to achieve, and a far better developed foundation of human resources in terms of ability, know-how and leadership."

Delhi Answers Peking

NEW DELHI (Reuter).—India's reply to a Chinese note of December 26 setting out the background to China's territorial claims on the Sino-Indian border, was despatched to Peking on Friday, the "Times of India" reported yesterday.

An official spokesman declined to confirm or deny this.

U.A.R. Rejects Israel Border Talks Proposal

Demilitarized Zone Issue

The U.A.R. on Saturday rejected the terms of an Israel offer to discuss measures to restore peace on the Israel-Syrian border.

The Israel proposal was contained in a letter from the Director of the Armistice Affairs Division of the Foreign Ministry, Dr. Avraham Biran, to the U.N. Truce Supervision Organization Chief of Staff, General Carl von Horn.

The letter said that "Israel is prepared to meet with the Syrians at any time, at any place, within the procedure of the Mixed Armistice Commission, or otherwise, to discuss peace — complete peace, or, if not that, to discuss means to preserve quiet and tranquillity along the international boundaries, as long as nothing pertaining to the Demilitarized Zone west of the boundary is raised."

Israel has all along refused to discuss the status of the Demilitarized Zone, which is entirely under Israel sovereignty.

A U.P.I. dispatch from Cairo quoted U.A.R. officials as saying they were "willing to discuss the border incidents, but not under Israel conditions."

The Cairo officials said the U.A.R. would not accept the Israel stipulation against discussing the Demilitarized Zone.

As to discussing "complete peace," the Cairo officials were quoted as saying that the Arab States would refuse to do this "until Israel obeys all U.N. resolutions on Palestine."

Earlier, the U.N. spokesman in Jerusalem said that the Israel peace talks proposal has been forwarded by U.N. headquarters here to the Chairman of the Israel-Syrian M.A.C., Colonel Raymond Pirlot, who was expected to bring it to the attention of the Syrian representatives.

Cabinet to Discuss Next Step on Suez

POST Political Reporter

Israel's future steps against the Suez Canal blockade, in the light of Mr. Hammarskjold's failure to secure Israel's shipping rights through the waterway and the continued tension along the Israel-Syrian border, are expected to be the main topics at today's Cabinet session.

Up to late Saturday night there had still been no official Foreign Ministry reaction to Mr. Yosef Tekoah's report of his meeting on Wednesday with Mr. Hammarskjold, during which it became apparent that no progress had been made in his talks with Abdul Nasser in Cairo last month.

Political quarters in Jerusalem, however, expressed their concern over Mr. Hammarskjold's continued reluctance to censure officially the U.A.R.'s repeated disregard of its international obligations.

The Cabinet is also to sum up its discussion on the foreign policy and security situation which it began last week after hearing the reports of Prime Minister Ben-Gurion and Foreign Minister Golda Meir.

The appointment of Dr. Hayim Yahil, Assistant Director-General of the Ministry for Foreign Affairs, to the post of Director-General is also expected to be approved at today's meeting.

The discussion on the draft of "The Basic Law: The Government," which was begun a fortnight ago, is also to be continued today.

The secondary school teachers' dispute will most likely also be brought up at today's meeting, although it is not on the agenda.

'Dag Can't Protest If Israel Seizes UAR Ship'

Jerusalem Post Correspondent

PARIS. — If Israel were to seize an Egyptian merchant ship tomorrow and confiscate its cargo, what moral right would U.N. Secretary-General Dag Hammarskjold have to protest in view of the U.N.'s failure to act following Cairo's triumphant announcement that it is selling the cargo of the Inge Toft "for the benefit of the Palestine Arabs?"

This question was asked in yesterday's issue of "Figaro" by the newspaper's U.N. correspondent. He added that the American delegation at the U.N. and Mr. Hammarskjold are trying to create the impression that the problem at hand is simply one of evacuating troops from the Demilitarized Zone on the Syria-Israel border, but the real danger is in Suez, where Nasser has won a new victory.

French television on Friday showed an Israel Army officer displaying Soviet and Czech weapons captured from the Syrians in the Tawafik action.

58 Die in Bolivia's Worst Air Crash

LA PAZ, Bolivia (Reuter).—One child was reported to have survived Bolivia's worst-ever air disaster on Friday when a Bolivian airliner crashed into a lagoon 160 miles south of here, killing the other 58 people aboard.

The airliner, a four-engined aircraft owned by Lloyd Aerea Boliviano, was on a flight between La Paz and Cochabamba.

Tel Katzir Quiet Over Week-End

TIBERIAS. — The Beit Katzir area was comparatively calm over the week-end. From 10 o'clock Friday night until Saturday morning, the Syrians lit up the area with flares and also fired single, sporadic shots from automatic weapons. The firing was aimless, and caused neither damage nor casualties.

There was no shooting yesterday.

The condition of Yehoshua el Gamili, who was wounded by the Syrians last week, has improved. He was flown to the Tel Hashomer hospital by helicopter on Friday.

The other wounded are also recovering. On Friday, the newspaper "Davar" distributed gifts of books to them.

The Israel Army spokesman, meanwhile, denied Cairo reports quoted by a French News Agency that an exchange of artillery fire took place in the Beit Katzir area during Friday night.

Commenting on Egyptian reports of an earlier Israel tank attack, the military spokesman told *The Jerusalem Post* on Thursday night that these, in common with other Cairo reports on the border situation, were "purely imaginary."

The Cairo newspaper "Al Ahram" claimed on Friday that large Israeli forces, including tanks and armoured vehicles, had been seen in the region of Beersheba, moving toward the southern Negev near the Egyptian border.

These moves within Israel were aimed at countering the (U.A.R.) Second Army's concentration in the Sinai Peninsula, the paper said.

AMER TOURS SYRIAN BORDER

CAIRO. — The U.A.R. Commander-in-Chief Abdul Hakim Amer on Friday toured the Syrian front along Israel's north-eastern border. He left later for Cairo to attend the funeral of his father, who died Friday.

The Cairo newspaper "Al Gomhuriya" said yesterday that Egyptian commando and fedayeen units would hold manoeuvres in the Sinai Desert today.

HUSSEIN TO VISIT SAUD

AMMAN (Reuter). — King Hussein of Jordan will go to Riyadh on Monday for two days of talks with King Saud of Saudi Arabia, it was officially announced yesterday.

The monarchs will discuss the possibility of holding an Arab summit conference on outstanding Arabs problems, including the "Palestine question." Hussein will be accompanied by the Jordan Prime Minister, Haz'a Majali.

At the same time, it was learned that Jordanian Foreign Minister Musa Nasser will leave today for Cairo to head the Jordan delegation to the Arab League Council meeting starting there on Monday.

Syrian Cabinet Reshuffle Seen

CAIRO (Reuter). — Abdul Nasser may soon reshuffle the Syrian Regional Cabinet to replace three ministers who resigned last year, well-informed political quarters said yesterday.

Informed sources, however, denied Beirut reports that three other U.A.R. ministers — Fakhir Kayyali (Minister of State), Amin Nakuri (Communications) and Ahmed Abdel Kerim (Municipal Affairs) — had resigned. Kayyali told Reuter yesterday he had not resigned.

Colonel Abdul Hamid Serraj, Syrian Regional Interior Minister, has arrived in Cairo for consultations.

Iraqi F.M. Sees Arab Mission Heads

BAGHDAD (Reuter). — Hashim Jawad, the Iraqi Foreign Minister, on Saturday held separate meetings with the heads of six Arab diplomatic missions here to discuss the Iraqi Government's attitude to the Arab League Council meeting in Cairo on February 8.

The League meeting will consider the "Palestine" issue and other Arab problems. Iraq has boycotted all previous League meetings held in Cairo.

Raja Moayed Alazm, the U.A.R. Chargé d'Affaires, was among the diplomats who met Jawad yesterday.

The Iraqi Government has proposed the establishment of an independent "Palestine Republic" as the only solution to the "Palestine" problem.

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Social & Personal

The Burmese Ambassador and Mrs. Hla Maung last week gave a dinner in honour of the Foreign Minister, Mrs. Golda Meir, at their home in Ramat Gan. Among the guests were the Secretary of the Embassy and Mrs. Tin Hline; the Assistant Director-General of the Foreign Ministry and Mrs. Haim Yahil; the Israel Ambassador to Burma, Dr. Daniel Levin; the Chief of Protocol and Mrs. A. Gilboa, and the head of the Afro-Asian department of the Foreign Ministry and Mrs. E. Ben-Horin.

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The President of Boston University and Mrs. Harold C. Case, accompanied by Mr. and Mrs. Joseph Kaplan of Boston, visited the Faculty of Agriculture of the Hebrew University in Rehovot on Friday. They were received by the Dean, Prof. Zvi Avidov.

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The Chief Rabbi of Beersheba, Rabbi Eliahu Kushelevich, last night held a reception on the occasion of the *bar mitzva* of his son, Moshe Aharon. Among those present were Mayor D. Touviahu, District Representative Y. Vardimon and the former Chief Rabbi of Alexandria, Dr. Ventura.

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Members of the Chicago Combined Jewish Appeal Mission visited the Hebrew University on Friday and were received by the Administrator, Mr. Y. Aran.

•

The annual general meeting of the Tel Aviv branch of the Israel and British Commonwealth Association on Thursday at Z.O.A. House in Tel Aviv elected the following officers; Chairman, Mr. Max Seligman; Vice-Chairman, Dr. Moshe Harnik; Hon. Treasurer, Usiel Eilern; Hon. Secretary, Alex Epstein; Asst. Hon. Secretary, Danny Jacobson; Committee: Messrs. Charles Sassoon, Aaron Wright, Dr. S. Kanovitz, M.K., Dr. D. Kidron, A. Kahana, K. Ginsburg, Moshe Bartal; Hon. Auditor, Dan Bawly.

•

Dr. Milton Tinsley, of Chicago, will lecture on "Mechanism and Treatment of Hydrocephalus" tonight at 7.45, in Lecture Hall "A," Hebrew University-Hadassah Medical School.

Furs? — of course, at J. Rosen's Fur Salon, 72 Allenby Rd., Tel Aviv, Tel. 65090. Special Tourist Service. *(Advt.)*

Cinemas

JERUSALEM

ARNON: Imitation of Life.
EDEN: Joan of Arc.
ORION: En cas de malheur (Love is My Profession).
OR-GIL: The Horse Soldiers.
ORNA: A Private's Affair.
RON: Room at the Top.
SEMADAR: The Bridge on the River Kwai.
ZION HALL: The Plainsman.
TEL OR: No Trees in the Street.
EDISON: Anber.
STUDIO: Chase a Crooked Shadow.

TEL AVIV

ALLENBY: Ice Cold in Alex.
ARMON DAVID: Auntie Mame.
CHEN: Orfeu Negro.
EDEN: Forced Wedding.
ESTHER: The Mating Game.
GAT: Les quatres cents coups.
HOD: La nuit des espions.
MAXIM: Escucha Mi Cancion (Joselito).
MIGDALOR: Peche de jeunesse.
MOGRABI: The Last Angry Man.
OPHIR: Nuits d'Europe.
ORION: The Chinese Wall.
PEER: Hiroshima, mon amour.
SHDEROTH: From Here to Eternity.
TAMAR: Rita.
TCHELET: Stolen Face.
TEL AVIV: The Remarkable Mr. Pennypacker.
YARON: Party Girl.
ZAMIR: Du rififi chez les femmes.
ZAFON: Ramountcho.

HAIFA

ORION: Caravan.
TAMAR: I Married a Monster From Outer Space.
GAL OR: Vacanze d'Amore (Holiday in Sicily).
MORIAH: The Dancer and God.
ARMON: Destiny of a Man.
EN DOR: The Law and Jack Wade.
ORLY: Cat on a Hot Tin Roof.
ORAH: Retour de Manivelle.
AMPHITHEATRE: The Best of Everything.
ATZMON: Pot Bouille.
MIRON: La Visitera.
PEER: Le long des trottoirs.
MAY: The Geisha Boy.

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Yiddish Literary Work Published in Birobidjan

MOSCOW (Reuter). — A collection of short stories, essays, poems and articles by a large group of Jewish men of letters and journalists was published on Friday in Birobidjan, the capital of the Jewish Autonomous Region, Tass said.

The book, published in Yiddish, gives the history of the region, its population, wealth and culture.

The Jewish Autonomous Region was formed in 1934, as part of the Khabarovsk territory in Eastern Siberia. Its territory of 3,000 sq. kms. includes big arable areas and has considerable deposits of ore, lignite, gold, graphite, marble and other minerals.

The region is now producing large quantities of grain, high quality cement, timber, paper, prefabricated houses, powerful transformers, and other commodities, Tass said.

Canada - Australia Cable to Be Laid

LONDON (Reuter). — Britain has given the final "go ahead" for the construction of one of the biggest telecommunications projects ever undertaken — a large capacity cable across the Pacific from Vancouver to New Zealand and Australia.

The British Post Office said on Friday that the construction of the cable, over 8,000 nautical miles long, in places almost four miles under the sea, and costing £26.3m., was recommended at a conference in Sydney last year.

The cable will be able to take at least 80 simultaneous conversations. It is hoped to complete it in 1964.

Ben-Aharon in Ashdod With Klutznick

The Minister of Transport, Mr. Y. Ben-Aharon, drove down to Ashdod on Thursday in the company of Messrs. Philip Klutznick and Oved Ben-Ami, directors of the Ashdod Development Company.

The Ministry is going ahead with plans to construct a deep-water port at Ashdod and is cooperating closely with the Development Company on the project.

Mr. Klutznick left Israel on Friday by T.W.A.

BEVAN. — Mr. Aneurin Bevan, 62-year-old Deputy Leader of the British Labour Party, is maintaining progress in hospital after a major abdominal operation on December 29.

A Burmese student gets directions on voting procedure from U Hla Maung, the Burmese Ambassador, before casting her absentee ballot for the Burmese parliamentary elections, to be held in Burma today. In the background is an Embassy Secretary.
Photo by Rosenblum

New 150-Km. Power Line Spurs Industry in Upper Galilee

Jerusalem Post Reporter

HAIFA. — The metal works at Kibbutz Lehavot Habashan, in Upper Galilee, will shortly export 3,000 hand-operated insecticide sprayers to Nigeria.

The sprayers are to be sold at £8 each.

The order will enable a production increase of about 40 per cent, the plant's managers told the press on Thursday. This will follow a recent increase in production after the kibbutz was linked to the national power grid by the Palestine Electric Corporation. The kibbutz previously obtained power from a private generator which was not powerful enough for the plant's new machinery, bought in Germany.

Lehavot Habashan is one of 14 settlements in Upper Galilee which were linked to the national grid following completion of a 150-km. high-tension line by the P.E.C. At Neot Mordechai, the power enabled the settlement to expand its shoe factory and open a large clover-drying plant for export. At Sde Nehemia, the plastics plant has been considerably enlarged.

The P.E.C. spokesman, Mr. Y. Friedlaender, and the Safad area supervisor, Mr. D. Sender, told reporters who toured the area on Thursday that the company can now supply all the power needed in the area.

Nineteen settlements north of Rosh Pina remain to join the grid, and will be able to do so whenever they are ready for it.

The new power line has stimulated the industrialization and irrigation capacity of the whole area.

2 Research Contracts For Heb. University

The Department of Experimental Physics at the Hebrew University has recently received two research contracts from the U.S.

The first, of $36,000, is for research on soft X-ray and for ultraviolet spectroscopy, for which a special spectrometer has been constructed in the Department's workshop.

A generous gift towards the project has also been made by Mr. Michael Wix in the form of a Hilger-Watts Micro-focus Unit, to be used in connection with double X-ray reflections from single crystals as well as other solid state research.

The project will be carried out by Prof. E. Alexander, one of the pioneers of X-ray spectroscopy, and Dr. B. S. Fraenkel.

The second contract is to the value of $30,000, and is for research on the effects of crystal structure on the angular correlation of gamma-ray cascade. The research will be carried out by Prof. S. G. Cohen, Prof. W. Low, Dr. S. Ofer and Mr. G. Gilat.

ON THE AIR

FIRST PROGRAMME

News: Hebrew: 6.30, 7.00 and 7.55 a.m., 1.30, 5.00, 7.00, 9.00 and 11 p.m. **English**: 2.00 p.m. **French**: 2.15 p.m.

6.30 a.m. Religious Service (R). 6.37 Exercises. 6.45 Musical Clock (R). 7.17 Morning Melodies. 8.00 Close Down.

11.00 a.m. Morning Concert: Hartmann: Overture "Hakon Jarl"; Dvorak: Piano Concerto in G-Minor, Opus 33; Bizet: Carnival from "Rome" Suite; Thome: Simple Aveu. 12.00 Women's Programme. 12.30 Lunchtime Music. 1.00 Oriental Songs. 1.15 Military Bands. 1.45 "Where to Go?" 2.30 Close Down.

4.00 Special Foreign News Broadcast. 5.05 Songs & Dances at your request. 5.35 Series on Unesco activities — ed. by M. Ohad. 5.45 Children's Corner. 6.00 Youth Corner. 6.30 Popular Songs and Melodies. 7.30 "Let's Sing a New Song." 7.40 Histadrut Programme. 7.50 Announcement on Kol Yisrael Programmes. 8.00 Light Music. 8.20 Quiz by S. Rosen. 8.50 Bible Reading: Yirmiyahu, Chaps. 1 & 2. 9.15 Newsreel. 9.30 Concert by the Israel Philharmonic Orchestra: Conductor: J. Martinon. (1) Rossini: Opening "Voyage to Reims." (2) Berlioz: Symphonie Fantastique. 10.30 "A Glimpse at Israel." 10.35 Sigi Binstock (Accordion). 11.10 Close Down.

SECOND PROGRAMME
460, 422.5, 792 & 33.5 M.

IMMIGRANTS' HOUR: 6.15 Mograbit. 6.30 News in Easy Hebrew. 6.45 Polish. 7.00 French. 7.30 Yiddish. 8.00 Music for Sunday — Mozart: "Vesperae Solemnes de Confessore," K.339. 8.35 "A Dialogue on Literature." 9.00 Ladino. 9.30 Rumanian. 9.45 Hungarian. 10.00 News in English. 10.15 Close Down.

ARABIC PROGRAMME
407 & 41.7 M.

Arabic programme (including News): 6.30-7.15 a.m., 1.15-2.15 and 5.30-11.15 p.m.

KOL YISRAEL LAGOLA (33.3 M.): **Programme to the U.K.**: 10.30 News. 10.40 "Heritage." 10.55 "In the Jewish World."

Programme to South Africa: 6.15 News. 6.25 "Heritage." 6.40 "In the Jewish World."

ARMY PROGRAMME (216, 225 and 235 M.): 6.00 Opening. 6.03 Request Programme. 6.40 Sport. 6.58 Announcements. 7.00 News. 7.10 Songs. 7.30 "Pleasant Tunes": Works by Luigi, Kreisler, Montard and Brahms. 8.00 Army's Diary. 8.10 "The Voice and the Instrument." 8.30 The Oscar Peterson Trio at the Stratford Shakespearean Festival. 9.00 News. 9.15 "Merry Rhythm." 9.30 "Entry Ticket" — Weekly Announcements. 10.00 Dance Music. 10.30 Close Down.

B.B.C. HEBREW BROADCASTS (30.26, 25.12, 19.76, 19.46 & 16.85 M.): 7.15-7.45 p.m. News, News Comment, International Commentary, Britain in Science, Trade and Industry.

MUSIC U.S.A. VOICE OF AMERICA — English Programme: — Mrs. Eleanor Roosevelt will be heard on "Have You A Question?" She will reply to questions about the Fifth Amendment of the American Constitution, national parks, state tax laws and other subjects.

Broadcast times: 8 a.m. on 31, 41 and 49 metres; 3 p.m. on 11, 13 and 19 metres; 5.15 p.m. on 19, 25 and 31 metres; and at 8 p.m. on 25 metres.

5.00 and 6.00 a.m. News, Religion Today on 31 and 41 M.; 7.00 a.m. News, World Press Roundup on 31 and 41 M.; 8.00 a.m. News and Commentary, Report to Europe (Have you a Question?) on 31, 41, 49 and 238 M.; 9.00 and 10.00 a.m. News, Youth Speaks or In the Author's Words on 13, 19 and 31 M.; 3.00 p.m. News, Report to South Asia (Have you a Question?) on 11, 13 and 19 M.; 4.00 p.m. News and Commentary, The American Campus on 11, 13, 19, 25 and 31 M.; 5.00 p.m. News and Commentary, Report to Near East (Youth Speaks or In the Author's Words) on 19, 25 and 31 M.; 6.00 p.m. News, Religion Today on 11, 19, 25, 31 and 41 M.; 7.00 p.m. News, Report to Near East (Youth Speaks or In the Author's Words) on 13, 19 and 25 M.; 7.30 p.m. Press Conference, USA on 13, 19 and 25 M.; 8.00 p.m. News, Report to Africa (The American Campus) on 19 and 25 M.; 8.30 p.m. Musical Life in U.S. on 19 and 25 M.; 9.00 p.m. News, Music USA on 19 and 25 M.; 10.00 p.m. News, The Sports Arena, Music USA on 19 and 25 M.; 11.00 p.m. News and Commentary, Radio Amateur's Notebook on 25, 31, 41 and 238 M.; 11.30 p.m. Musical Life in U.S. on 25, 31, 41 and 238 M.; 12.00 p.m. News and Commentary, Radio Amateur's Notebook on 25, 31, 41 and 238 M.

CYPRUS BROADCASTING SERVICE — English Programme (434 & 495 M.): News: 7.30 a.m., 2.00, 7.00, 11.00 p.m.

7.45 a.m. The Coca Cola Programme. 8.00 Melodies & Memories. 8.30 Popular Light Orchestra. 9.00 Miniature Concert. 9.30 Emergency. 9.45 Piano Playtime. 10.00 Felix King. 10.30 B.B.C. Bandstand. 11.00 The Final Year. 11.15 Light Music. 11.30 Teller of Tales. 12.00 Midday Melodies. 2.15 p.m. "The Name is Shane." 6.45 The Lanitis Programme. 7.45 Strange Vanished Without Trace. 10.15 Stars of Song. 10.30 Danger Point.

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HAIFA: Balfour, 1 Massada, 2289.

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HOLON: Dr. Dokor, Block 13A, Shikun Amami, Tel Giborim.
RAMAT GAN: Dr. Sandburg, 63 Bialik. Dr. Rosenblum, 9 Malal (corner 120 Modi'in). Dr. Pasberg, 176 Haroeh.
HAIFA: Dr. Sherman, 3 Rehov Hanevi'im, Tel. 3434.

Where to go

JERUSALEM

- **Tours**:— Spend a morning with Hadassah on a conducted tour starting 9 a.m. Book for this tour by phoning 4061, Hadassah Club, Straus Health Centre.
Hebrew University: Conducted tour in English, at 12 noon, daily, New University Campus.
- **Recorded Concert**:— "The Marriage of Figaro" — on records, Beeri Club, 9 Alharisi, 8.30.
- **Exhibitions**:— Artists House: 10-1, 4-6. Paintings by Shmuel Schlessinger, Miriam Bartov. Collage paintings by Ella Raayoni.
Safrai Art Gallery, 27 Jaffa Road, Tel. 63737. Est. 1935. 9-1, 3-7. Friday 9-2. New exhibition: paintings by Nahum Cohen. All purchases mailed upon request.
- **Bezalel National Museum**:— Permanent exhibition of Jewish Ceremonial Art; Archaeological objects, Primitive Art, Contemporary Japanese prints and posters. Dutch paintings from the Museum's collection. 9-1, 2.30-5.
Department of Antiquities, 25 Rehov Shlomo Hamelech. Special exhibitions: Tel Gath excavations, Chalcolithic ossuaries from Azor. Also permanent exhibition. 9-1, 3-5.
- **Zoo**:— Jerusalem Biblical Zoo. 9-6.

TEL AVIV

- **Theatre**:— Habimah: "Twelve Angry Men," 8.30. Cameri: "Twelfth Night," 8.30. Ohel: "Hotel Paradiso," 8.30.
- **Dine and Dance**:— Delphin Bar, 16 Sholem Aleichem. Exquisite cuisine. Dancing nightly. Recommended to Tourists. Tel. 23973.
- **Tourist Service**:— Visit Hadassah Club, 90 Rehov Hayarkon, Tel. 23339. Wiso Club, 91 Rehov Hayarkon, Tel. 26825, 8 a.m.—2 p.m.
- **Zoological Gardens**:— Open 8 a.m.—6 p.m. daily.
- **Exhibition**:— Modern Art in Israel, Painters and Sculptors Association, Hemlin House, 10-1, 4-7. Kibbutz Art and Sculpture, Beit Dizengoff, 10-1, 4-7. African Primitive Art; statuettes, masks, implements, from collection of Mr. Sam Dubiner (over 180 exhibits). Helena Rubinstein Pavilion, 10-1, 4-7. Ancient Glass Exhibition, Museum Ha'aretz, near Ramat Aviv, 10-5.
- **Z.O.A. House**:— Jam Session — Celebration of 4th anniversary of Z.O.A. House Jazz Club, 9. Tourist Service, 9 a.m. to 9 p.m.

HAIFA

- **Tourist Centre**:— Hadassah Club, Youth Aliya Offices, 22 Hehalutz, Tel. 67955.

KFAR WARBURG

- **Spanish Entertainers**:— Luisillo and his Spanish Ballet Theatre.

LAW REPORT

The Jerusalem Post
February 7, 1960

In the Supreme Court Sitting as Court Of Civil Appeals

Before Justices Agranat, Silberg and Berinson

Ladislav & Magda Gruenbaum, Appellants, v. The Jewish Agency, Respondent (C. A. 438/58).

Jewish Agency Must Return Sum Paid Under Compulsion by Emigrants

The Supreme Court partly allowed an appeal against a judgment of the Jerusalem District Court delivered on November 21, 1958 (in C.C. 142/55).

The Jewish Agency had sued Ladislav and Magda Gruenbaum, the appellants, for the return of approximately IL1,237 prior to their departure from the country. Before the action was heard in the Jerusalem District Court, the Jewish Agency asked the court for an order restraining the Gruenbaums from leaving the country. They gave a IL2,000 guarantee, prior to receiving the requested order, against any damage which might be caused the Gruenbaums as a result of the detention order in the event it should be found that the order had been unlawfully given or in the event that their suit should not succeed.

The Jewish Agency's suit for IL1,237 was dismissed by the District Court. The Supreme Court, however, found that they were entitled to IL210.

The Gruenbaums thereafter sued the Jewish Agency for approximately IL3,000, which was composed of the IL2,000 guarantee which they alleged the Jewish Agency had forfeited, they having originally offered them IL500, which they had refused, preferring to start a court action against them; IL900 compensation for the pecuniary damage caused to Mrs. Gruenbaum as a result of the Jewish Agency's having caused Kiryat Anavim to break their contract with her; and the return of IL115 which they alleged the Agency had extracted from them by compulsion, having induced the Ministry of the Interior to refuse them an exit visa until they had settled their debt with the Agency and then having refused even to discuss the extent of the debt before receiving an initial payment of IL115.

The Jerusalem District Court dismissed their action, whereupon they appealed to the Supreme Court.

Dr. Kovo appeared for the appellants and Mr. A. Spaer for the respondents.

Judgment

Justice Silberg, who delivered the judgment of the Supreme Court, Justices Agranat and Berinson concurring, dealt firstly with the question of the IL2,000 guarantee. In holding that the District Court had been correct in dismissing the appellants' claim on this head he pointed out that the order restraining the appellants from leaving the country could be said to have been given unlawfully only if it had been given contrary to the law obtaining in such cases. There is no doubt, however, he continued, that in the face of the appellants' pending emigration to Yugoslavia and in view of the fact that the sum the respondents claimed had far exceeded the IL500 offered by the appellants, the District Court had been lawfully entitled to grant the requested detention order. The expression "unlawfully," continued Justice Silberg, is by no means synonymous with the expression "unjustifiably" — as argued counsel for the appellants — nor has the outcome of a suit any arithmetical bearing on the question of whether it was justified or not as, therefore, there was no indication that the respondents had acted in bad faith in bringing their suit, there was no call for them to forfeit their IL2,000 guarantee.

Kibbutz Dressmaker

Turning next to the question of whether the respondents were liable for the pecuniary damage of IL900 incurred by the appellants as a result of the respondents' inducing Kiryat Anavim to stop employing Mrs. Gruenbaum as a dressmaker, Justice Silberg pointed out that it was clear from the evidence that Mrs. Gruenbaum had been only temporarily employed by the kibbutz who reserved the right to dismiss her at any time. In the circumstances, therefore, there had not been a legally binding contract between her and the kibbutz, as demanded by section 32 of the Civil Wrongs Ordinance, and the respondents, he held, had thus not caused the kibbutz to break a legally binding contract with her.

In considering the question of the IL115 which the respondents had received from the appellants, Justice Silberg said that the District Court (in the Agency's original claim against the appellants) had held that this sum had been given in circumstances pointing to compulsion. There had, therefore, been unjust enrichment resulting from compulsion on the part of the respondents and the appellants were entitled to the restitution of this sum (see also C.A. 59/47, Psakim 2/212; C.A. 278/56, Psakim 33/132 and C.A. 412/54, Psakim 26/200).

The appeal was partly allowed with IL200 costs.

Judgment given on January 26, 1960.

Cables in Brief

SHELLING.— Chinese Communist guns on Friday bombarded Kaoteng, an outpost isle of the Nationalist-held Matsu group, the Nationalist Defence Ministry announced in Taipeh here.

HIPPO. — Three female pygmy hippopotami ended years of loneliness on Friday when a young male pygmy hippo was ceremonially presented to Washington's National zoo, after President William Tubman of Liberia — the only country where the pig-sized hippos are found — heard of their plight and sent hunters to the forests to trap the male.

ACCIDENTS. — The U.S. National Safety Council has announced that 91,500 persons were killed in America last year by accidents — an increase of about 1,000 over 1958.

SUDAN. — West Germany will extend to Sudan technical assistance in cultural, agricultural and industrial fields, as a result of an agreement signed between the two countries in Khartoum on Friday.

AIR SHOW.—U.S. Air Force Demonstration units will make five goodwill visits to Turkey, Persia and Pakistan this month, U.S. Air Force headquarters at Wiesbaden announced.

DECORATED. — A Czechoslovak railwayman and his wife have received a State decoration for "services to the Fatherland" by aiding in the arrest of about 300 "smugglers, refugees and agents" who tried to cross the Czechoslovak - Austrian frontier near their home.

LYDDA FLIGHTS

SUNDAY

ARRIVALS: Air France, 187, from Tokyo, Manila, Saigon, Bangkok, New Delhi and Teheran — 1620. Alitalia 452, from Rome — 2205. El Al 210, from New York, London, Paris and Athens — 0035. El Al 402, from Vienna, Munich and Rome—0040. Olympic 614, from Athens and Nicosia — 0050. B.O.A.C. 304, from London and Geneva —0100. Swiss-Air 332, from Zurich, Geneva and Athens — 0130.

DEPARTURES: El Al 401, to Rome, Vienna and Munich — 0800. Cyprus Airways 33, to Nicosia, Ankara, Istanbul, Rome and London — 0825. B.E.A. 127, to Athens, Rome and London 0930. El Al 201, to Athens, Paris, London and New York — 1000. T.W.A. 801, to Athens, Rome, Geneva, Paris and New York — 1035. Air France 187, to Rome and Paris — 1920. B.O.A.C. 304, to Teheran — 0145.

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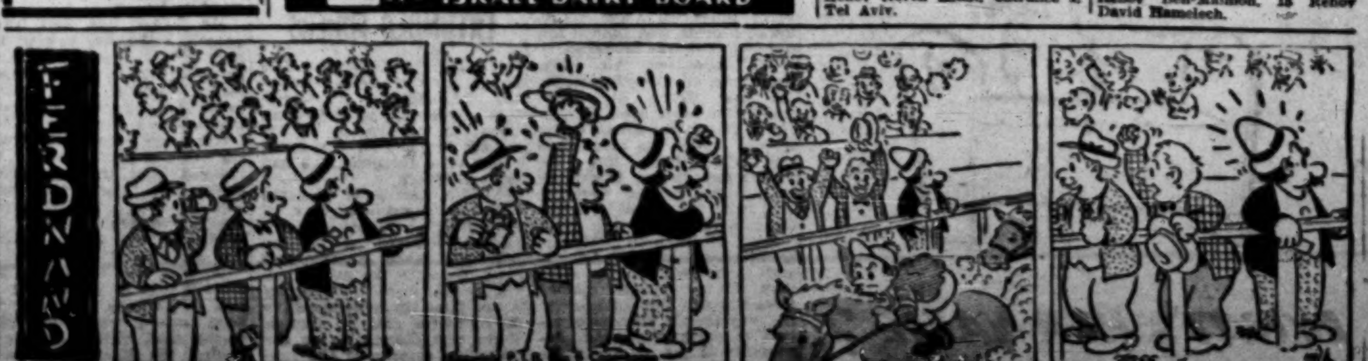

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Today's Postbag

The Weather

Forecast: Fair, with a slight rise in temperature.

Weather Synopsis: A barometric high over Russia extends to East Mediterranean.

	*A	B	C
Mt. Cana'an	60	1—9	0—11
Tiberias	50	11—18	10—19
Haifa Port	52	6—16	5—18
Natanya	47	6—18	5—18
Tel Aviv Kirya			5—18
Tel Aviv Port	55	7—16	6—17
Lydda Airport	47	3—17	2—18
Jerusalem	49	3—14	2—15
Beersheba	33	4—18	3—19
Eilat	32	7—21	7—21

*A) Humidity at 8 p.m. B) Temperature range till yesterday evening. C) Temperature range forecast for last night and today.

ARRIVALS

Mr. Howard L. Roach, President of the Soybean Council of America; Dr. Fred R. Marti, head of the Council's office in Rome, and Mr. Valorious Hogan, Chief of the Marketing Service of the Foreign Agricultural Service of the U.S. Department of Agriculture, for consultations with the Government concerning the extension of the use of soybean and soybean products in Israel (by BEA).

Prof. Geoffrey W. Leeper, Professor of Soil Science at the University of Melbourne, to acquaint himself with the work being done in the field of Soil Science at the Hebrew University's Faculty of Agriculture at Rehovot and to lecture on trace elements in Australian soils and the principles of soil classification.

Dr. M. Avidor, Director-General of the Jewish Agency, from the conferences in Amsterdam (by El Al).

Mr. Ya'acov Peled, General Manager of the Palestine Electric Corporation, from Germany (by Alitalia).

Baroness Bathsheba de Rothschild, from a visit to Paris (by El Al).

Conductor Jean Martinon, to London, beginning a two-month concert tour of England and Holland (by El Al).

DEPARTURES

THE 'FARM FAMILY Holy Land Tour' composed of some 60 residents of New York and Washington, arrived by air at Lydda Airport on Friday morning for a three-day stay. The group will also visit Jordan.

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THE TEXT of the Law for Encouragement of Capital Investment in English and Hebrew may be obtained free of charge at the Investment Centre in Jerusalem, or the Investors' Liaison Bureau in Tel Aviv. French and Spanish translations will appear soon.

• • •

HUSSEIN HASSAN ABBAS, of Majd el-Krum, was remanded for 15 days on Friday by the Acre Magistrate's Court on suspicion of passing information to Jordanian intelligence. He had crossed into Jordan about a month ago, and was recently returned.

• • •

120 HEAD of sheep belonging to Kfar Shmuel, near Ramle, disappeared from pasture on Friday. It is suspected that the flock was taken across the border to Jordan. The loss is estimated at IL14,000.

Trespasser's Widow Loses Suit to Army

The Supreme Court on Friday ruled that the army need not pay compensation to the widow of a man who died from food poisoning contracted from army food.

The man, Yitzhak Berkowitz, had been a civilian worker at an army camp. Although not officially permitted to eat there, the cooks would occasionally give him food. On the day he ate the bad food, many of the soldiers also contracted food poisoning, although not severely. Berkowitz, however, died three days later.

The Supreme Court ruled that the man was a "trespasser" in this instance insofar as the responsibility of the army was concerned and was therefore not entitled to compensation for any harm that might have come to him. The Supreme Court thus reversed the District Court decision which found that although the man was a "trespasser," the army owed a responsibility to the widow.

The Ministry of Defence had declared its willingness to make a payment to the widow, Mrs. Rachel Berkowitz, if the appeal were allowed. *(Itim)*

(A summary of the judgment will appear in a future Jerusalem Post Law Report).

In deep sorrow we announce the sudden death on February 6, 1960 of our beloved husband, father, grandfather and brother

Dr. FRITZ WARSCHAWSKI

at the age of 71.

The funeral will take place today, Sunday, at 3.30 p.m. Buses will leave Cafe Herrmann, Kfar Shmaryahu, at 3.15 p.m. for the Kfar Shmaryahu Cemetery.

Anny Warschawski née Wolff,
Herzliya "Bet"
Elijahu and Leah Warschawski,
Hadar-Am
Ludwig and Ellen Guggenheimer
née Warschawski,
Zug (Switzerland)
Grete Bushhoff
née Warschawski, Los Angeles
Joseph and Rachel Kidron,
Zahala
and grandchildren.

Histadrut Confirms Wage Policy Linking Increases to Output

Jerusalem Post Reporter

TEL AVIV. — The Ninth Histadrut Convention here on Friday officially confirmed its wage policy of linking pay to output and additionally safeguarding salaries through an automatic cost-of-living allowance clause.

The decision on wage policies was one of 17 resolutions adopted at the closing session of the convention. The others covered all spheres of Histadrut activity, from settlement to overseas operations.

During this session, delegates also elected the 107 members of the Histadrut Executive Council. The Friday meeting terminated the three-day convention.

The discussion was relatively quiet by comparison to the heated debates that had taken place during the first and second days. The only interruption occurred when delegates heckled the Communist delegate, Mr. Y. Brockman, during his attack on a resolution calling for the immigration of Russian Jewry.

When he spoke of the rights guaranteed to the Jewish community by the Soviet Government, the delegates broke out into catcalls.

Voting Smooth

The voting went smoothly and appeared to be largely of a formal nature, with agreement having been reached beforehand.

The resolutions were subdivided into a number of categories. Agricultural resolutions advocated:

- A limit to the further expansion of agriculture, particularly in branches where national requirements were already being met;
- A speed-up in the implementation of the Jordan irrigation scheme;
- A fusion of the financial and educational institutions of the various settlement movements.

In wage and union policies, the resolutions urged:

- that all future increases in basic wage scales should be linked to national output averages of the branch of economy concerned;
- that a new form of family allowance be created from the joint contributions of the Government and employers to the National Insurance Institute.

450,000 Members

The resolutions noted that some 450,000 members of the national labour force were Histadrut members and that Histadrut public enterprises accounted for some 60 per cent of the national economy.

It was also resolved to establish a national union of industrial workers as a roof organization for industrial employees.

Ahdut Ha'avoda and Mapam delegates joined forces in an amendment recommending unemployment insurance, wage increases for all workers employed in "productive occupation," and an end to part-time emergency employment.

In the field of social security, the Histadrut will advocate the implementation of a national health insurance legislation on the basis of the existing sick funds (the Kanev proposals.)

State Health Plan

A Ha'oved Hazioni and General Zionists proposal calling for the establishment of a single State health insurance system was defeated.

In an appeal to workers with academic degrees, the Histadrut urged them to refrain from isolationist tendencies, promising them full recognition of their special status and the safeguarding of their specific interests. The resolution also stressed the Histadrut's share in establishing relations with Asian and African countries as well as breaking the political blockade which had been imposed on Israel.

Other resolutions called on world labour organizations to join in an all-out struggle against a recurrence of anti-Semitic outbreaks; issued a promise to provide for the specific requirements of religious members of the movement; and urged increased assistance to further the development of the working youth movement.

The Knesset Speaker, Mr. K. Luz, closed the convention.

Southern Villages Act on Drought

Jerusalem Post Reporter

REHOVOT.— An emergency meeting of 60 drought-stricken southern settlements was held on Friday in Masmiya.

Field crops are expected to be the chief sufferers when the final account is made, but there may also be a serious shortage of pasture land. Irrigation will be required for a number of extra weeks during the remainder of the winter.

Most speakers stressed the urgency of the need for outside assistance, stating that they would be unable to shoulder alone the extra expense of the drought.

A committee was appointed to take emergency measures.

Lydda's Problems Referred to B-G

Jerusalem Post Reporter

LYDDA. — The Prime Minister, the Minister of Commerce and Industry and the Minister of Labour will meet with Mayor A. Camille to discuss Lydda's economic and social deterioration, it was learned on Friday. The meeting is expected to be held shortly.

The Mayor had written a letter to the Prime Minister stating that those families which had reached financial stability and who formed the local *intelligentsia* were leaving Lydda. In addition the economic situation has further deteriorated and almost a third of the people need public assistance.

Mr. Ben-Gurion's answer, confirming his willingness to meet Mr. Camille, noted his "grave concern" at the situation.

Mayor Camille told *The Jerusalem Post* on Saturday that last year 350 established families left the town. While there has been a constant drain on the Lydda populace over the past two years, the situation has only become critical during the past two months.

Most of these families move to the Tel Aviv area, because they do not wish to live in Lydda, although the wage earners continue to work there. The money made in the town is not spent there, he declared.

Another 600 families have no source of income, the Mayor said. Of the 5,000 families resident in Lydda, 1,800 are social cases and receive help from the Government; about 2,200 earn their livelihood as farm labourers, in small workshops and in trade, and 1,000 work out of town.

Mayor Goes to Minister With J'lem's Troubles

Jerusalem's difficulties in balancing its 1960/61 ordinary budget were dumped in the lap of the Minister of Interior, Mr. Moshe Haim Shapiro, on Friday.

At a three-hour meeting, Mayor Mordecai Ish-Shalom asked the Minister to increase the special "Capital grant" as well as the general grant and pointed out the necessity of raising funds for a series of development projects. Mr. Shapiro was also asked to approve last year's decision of the City Council to extend the city limits to Maoz Zion (the Castel *ma'bara*).

Mr. Shapiro said he would study the requests sympathetically. Present at the meeting were Dr. I. Rosenberg, Deputy Minister, and Mr. Meir Silverstone, Director-General.

Jerusalem Youth Band To March Tu Bishvat

The newly-formed Jerusalem youth band is to make its first public appearance in a parade on February 15, on the occasion of Tu Bishvat.

[illegible] band, which was [illegible] three months ago, [illegible] young musicians. Only [illegible] them, however, — the drums, fifes and bugles — are to march. The band's musical director is Mr. Yohanan Boehm.

BIRTH. — The Duke of Edinburgh returned home from holiday in Norfolk yesterday to be with Queen Elizabeth in the days before the birth of their third child, expected this week.

ZOA House
In Cooperation with the Tel Aviv-Yafo Municipality,
Thursday, February 11, 1960,
at 8.30 p.m.
Piano Recital
by AIMEE DORRA
Programme: Bach, Debussy.
Tickets at the ZOA House,
Kanaf, Rococo.

He Took All Of Sinai, Too

Jerusalem Post Reporter

BEERSHEBA. — A report reached Beersheba on Saturday that Prime Minister Ben-Gurion and Agriculture Minister Moshe Dayan were recently at Sde Boker and were expecting a visitor. Aluf Dayan looked at his watch and said, "We still have time, I'm going to have a look at Ovdat (Abde)," and went off in his jeep.

Mr. Ben-Gurion, knowing Aluf Dayan's passion for antiquities, turned to Yehoshua Cohen, a member of Sde Boker who has been supervising the Ovdat reconstruction work, and smilingly remarked, "Quick. Go after him, or else he'll take half of Ovdat with him."

B-G Warns Mapam On Military Gov't

TEL AVIV. — Prime Minister Ben-Gurion on Friday told Mapam in a sharply worded reply to their letter that he considered the abolition of Military Government at this time would endanger the security of the State.

In a letter from Mapam Ministers Bentov and Barzilai the Prime Minister conceded that Mapam has a formal right to work for a majority against Military Government in Arab-inhabited areas of Israel, but announced that he himself would refuse to stay in a Government that contained such a majority.

The Mapam Ministers had expressed surprise at Mr. Ben-Gurion's earlier statement to the same effect and had noted that in the coalition agreement they had reserved the right to abstain in a vote on this issue.

Mr. Ben-Gurion pointed out that Mapam could not succeed in organizing a Knesset majority against Mapai without the aid of Herut and the Communists, who are outside the coalition.

Jailed for Inducing Young Brother to Spy

TEL AVIV. — An 18-month sentence was imposed on Friday on Yosef Ali Ajo, 32, of Jaffa, for attempting to persuade his 15-year-old brother to acquire secret information on traffic movements in Ramle and the vicinity.

For lack of evidence, the original charge of espionage was altered to intent to harm State security.

The accused's younger brother was acquitted of the crime of espionage, after his statement to police was invalidated by the court.

During the hearing, it came out that Ajo had been arrested in Jordan territory and had served a jail sentence of several months there for infiltration. While in jail, he was approached by a Jordanian intelligence agent and agreed to collect information for Jordan and pass it on to the agent. Upon release, Ajo was returned to Israel.

He was detained here in July 1959 on suspicion of espionage. *(Itim)*

Ministers Probe Shfar'am Riots

ACRE. — The three Cabinet Ministers who were appointed to investigate the November 8 riots in Shfar'am visited the town on Thursday. They are Messrs. P. Rosen, B. Shitrit and M. Shapiro.

They took evidence *in camera* from local residents.

ZOA House
Tonight at 9 p.m.
Jam Session
4th anniversary of the
Jazz Club

TIME
February 8, 1960
Billy Rose's
Sculpture Gifts
to Israel
4 pages of reproductions
On sale everywhere

TEL-AVIV Cinema
20th
He grew them by the dozen... and all were his!
CLIFTON WEBB
The Remarkable Mr. Pennypacker
Saturday night at 7.15 and 9.30
Weekdays at 3.30, 7.15 & 9.30
Please book your seats by telephone: 26112/3.
Hall heated and air-conditioned.

The Israel and British Commonwealth
Association, Haifa
Reception to
H.B.M. Ambassador
His Excellency Mr. Patrick Francis
Hancock C.M.G
and Mrs. Hancock
at the Zion Hotel on Monday, February 8,
at 8.30 p.m.
REFRESHMENTS
MUSIC
FOR MEMBERS
ONLY.

Partizan Beats T.A. Hapoel 1:0 Haifa Hap. Upsets P.T. Hapoel

Jerusalem Post Staff

TEL AVIV. — Partizan, the Yugoslav First Division club, on Saturday beat Tel Aviv Hapoel 1:0 in a display of textbook football that delighted the 9,000 fans at the Bassa ground in Jaffa.

The only goal of the game came in the 70th minute when the Partizan right-winger Gernic dribbled past two Hapoel defenders and cracked the ball past Chodorov from 16 metres. The Yugoslav goal came shortly after Hapoel forwards had missed two glorious chances to give their team the lead.

Hapoel inside-left Sekel headed over from only two metres before goal and inside-right Czistek had only goalie Czostic to beat, but shot directly at him.

Partizan fully deserved their win, dictating the game practically from beginning to end. Their players found each other with precision passing and only a tightly packed, determined Hapoel defence kept them out. The Partizan line-up included seven Yugoslav internationals, five of whom played against Israel at Ramat Gan in the Olympic games preliminary last year.

Particularly outstanding yesterday were right-back Yosofi, right-half Kalambovic and centre-forward Kobacic. Stopper Lefkovitz and left-half Tisch were best for Hapoel and Chodorov too made a successful return to the side in goal.

Partizan next meet the Israel Selected at Ramat Gan on Tuesday.

In the National League matches, Haifa Hapoel scored a brilliant 4:2 win over League leaders Petah Tikva Hapoel, and moved up to second spot in the table. At halftime Haifa Hapoel led 2:1.

The 11,000 fans were treated to a beautiful game from the home team, in contrast to which the visitors were not at top form. The Petah Tikva defence was especially weak. Steimach was held by left-half Bulus, taking the main sting out of the Petah Tikva attack.

Petah Tikva opened the scoring in the 18th minute with a penalty, but six minutes later the home team equalized when inside-left Shlomo Levi scored with a header. Ginsburg made it 2:1; and centre-forward Tchaikowsky scored the third Haifa goal with a 20-metre shot. Ginsburg scored a fourth before Nahari, the Petah Tikva centre-forward, narrowed the gap.

Petah Tikva Maccabi scored a fine 3:0 win over Tel Aviv Maccabi before 3,000 fans at Petah Tikva. It was a fast game, both teams throwing everything into the attack. Petah Tikva's inside left Ben Dror scored in the 32nd and 35th minutes, to give the home team a 2:0 half-time lead.

Tel Aviv Maccabi piled on the pressure in the second half, the home team crowding their goal area to keep out the visitors' attacks. In the 88th minute, centre-forward Begleiter added a third goal to give the home team a victory that lifted them from bottom of the table to three places above.

In League "A" both first and second placed teams, Tel Aviv Hakoah and Tel Aviv Shimshon, lost their away games at Kiryat Haim and Tiberias.

Last-placed Kfar Saba Hapoel squeezed out a precious point from Jerusalem Betar in a goalless game on the latter's ground at the Y.M.C.A. before 5,000 fans. Betar, who were too confident after a series of victories, displayed one of their weakest games of the season. They controlled the ball in the visitor's half but failed to find the net.

RESULTS: National League

Petah Tikva Maccabi 3, Tel Aviv Maccabi 0; Haifa Hapoel 4, Petah Tikva Hapoel 2.

National League Standings

	No. of G.	G.A.	Pts.
Petah Tikva Hap.	11	34:15	15
Haifa Hap.	10	25:10	14
Natanya Mac.	10	14:11	13
Haifa Maccabi	10	21:15	12
Tel Aviv Mac.	11	24:22	12
Tel Aviv Hap.	10	13:12	12
Jerusalem Hap.	11	12:15	11
Ramat Gan Hap.	11	16:27	8
Tel Aviv Betar	10	8:15	8
Pet. Tikva Mac.	10	13:18	7
Jaffa Maccabi	10	10:17	6
Bnei Yehuda	10	14:27	6

LEAGUE A RESULTS

Tiberias Hapoel 2, Tel Aviv Shimshon 3; Rehovot Hapoel 3, Natanya Hapoel 0; Mahane Yehuda Hapoel 2, Beersheba Hapoel 1; Hadera Hapoel 0, Hadera Maccabi 0; Kiryat Haim Hapoel 1, Tel Aviv Hakoah 0; Jerusalem Betar 0, Kfar Saba Hapoel 0; Ramle Hapoel 3, Rehovot Maccabi 1.

LEAGUE A (after 17 games)

Tel Aviv Hakoah	28:13	22
Tel Aviv Shimshon	30:19	21
Tiberias Hap.	26:20	20
Mah. Yehuda Hap.	27:18	19
Jerusalem Betar	17:18	19
Hadera Hapoel	21:13	18
Hadera Maccabi	18:20	18
Kiryat Haim Hap.	19:25	18
Beersheba Hap. (16 games)	20:21	16
Rehovot Hapoel (16 games)	21:23	15
Ramle Hapoel	22:35	15
Natanya Hapoel	17:25	13
Kfar-Saba Hap.	19:28	11
Rehovot Maccabi	15:34	10

Atomic Technicians Awarded Diplomas

TEL AVIV. — Those who predicted that Israel youth would not stand up to the demands of nuclear and atomic work have been proved wrong, Professor E. D. Bergman, Chairman of the Atomic Energy Commission, told 14 nuclear technicians graduating a three-month course on Friday.

The technicians, who all have a high school education and at least three years' technical operational experience, will work at the atomic pile in Nebi Rubin under the supervision of scientists and engineers. Three of the outstanding students will be sent to Europe for further practical training.

Professor Bergman emphasized that one of the chief problems in nuclear research is that of trained technical personnel, and noted with satisfaction that Israel is overcoming this difficulty.

Claims to Sequestered Egyptian Goods Opposed

TEL AVIV. — The Attorney-General on Friday submitted to the District Court a request to strike out the claim against the Government and against the Custodian of Abandoned Property instituted by the Organization of Persons Harmed by the Anti-Jewish Persecutions in Egypt.

The Attorney-General asserted that the organization's claim has no legal basis.

The Organization demands from the State and the Custodian an exact account of the property and monies of the Egyptian authorities or citizens which are being held by the Custodian.

The Organization wants IL30m. as compensation for its members, to be transferred from such property.

This is the amount of the loss suffered by members of the organization according to a list drawn up by the Government, it is claimed. *(Itim)*

Here are the Results
of the
VITA
Competition

1st Prize — A flight to Paris and a week's stay won by Mrs. HERMINE HORVATH, Tirat Hacarmel, Shikun 76a, Haifa.
2nd Prize — A transistor radio or bicycle, won by Mrs. RINA BROSCHI, Neve Oz, 58 Shikun Amami, Petah Tikva.
3rd Prize — won by Mrs. EDNA HILDESHEIMER, Kiryat Shmuel, Jerusalem.
200 other prizes will be sent to the winners by mail. Lists with the names of all winners will be posted at all groceries on February 15, 1960.

THE ISRAEL PHILHARMONIC ORCHESTRA
THE MARRIAGE OF FIGARO
TEL AVIV — Fredric R. Mann Auditorium,
at 8 p.m.
MONDAY, Feb. 22
•
WEDNESDAY, Feb. 24
•
THURSDAY, Feb. 25
•
SATURDAY, Feb. 27
•
Performance on Thursday, Feb. 25, reserved for JERUSALEM and HAIFA public.
SALE OF TICKETS
in TEL AVIV — Mann Auditorium Box Office (Rehov Huberman), daily: 10—1, 4—6. Friday: 10—1.
in JERUSALEM — for Performance on FEB. 25, at Cahana's Office (Zion Square) daily 9—1, 3—6. Friday: 9—1.
in HAIFA — for Performance on FEB. 25, at I.P.O. Office, 32 Rehov Herzl, daily 10—1, 4—7. Friday: 10—1.
Transport facilities for Jerusalem and Haifa patrons secured.
Prices: IL3, IL4.50, IL6, IL7.50, IL8, IL10.
Reduction for I.P.O. members on Reduction Voucher "Figaro" (pink).

U.S. Opposition To Toledano's Rules

TEL AVIV.— The Rabbinical Council of America, the major orthodox rabbinical organisation on the North American continent, rallied to the support of Israel's Chief Rabbinate in its dispute with the Minister of Religious Affairs, it was learned from well-informed sources here this week.

In a letter, signed by Rabbi Emanuel Rackman, president of the Council, the Chief Rabbinate was informed that it was recognised as the supreme international authority by the Council. Rabbi Rackman expressed his fears that the election reforms suggested by the Minister, Rabbi Toledano, would weaken the links between the Chief Rabbinate and the Jewish communities abroad.

He implied that the Council might have to resort to non-cooperation with the successors of the present Chief Rabbinate if the latter were to be elected in accordance with the reforms suggested by the Minister.

The new regulations on the election of a Chief Rabbi would limit the age of a candidate to 70.

The elections will apparently take place in the beginning of March, it is learned.

Report on Hebrew Scholarship in Russia

PETAH TIKVA. — A considerable proportion of the Semitic language scholars at Soviet Universities are Jews who have an excellent command of the Hebrew language and who show considerable interest in the work done in their field in Israel.

This was stated at a press conference here on Friday by Prof. Abraham I. Katsh, Chairman of the Department of Hebrew Education and Culture at New York University. Prof. Katsch recently returned from a six-week tour of the Soviet Union, where he microfilmed old Hebrew manuscripts.

Prof. Katsh said he was surprised to find first rate scholars, both Jews and non-Jews, who specialized in the study of the Hebrew language. Some of them asked him to send Israel publications dealing with their field.

Among the manuscripts microfilmed by Prof. Katsh were poems by Yehuda Halevi and Ibn Ezra which have either never been published or have appeared in other versions. Prof. Katsh said he had been invited to lecture at a congress devoted to Oriental studies to be held in Moscow next August. *(Itim)*

'Mad Sniper' Wounds 2 Near Empire State Bldg.

NEW YORK (Reuter). — Detectives mingled with weekend shoppers and sightseers in the streets round New York's towering Empire State Building yesterday, looking for traces of a "mad sniper" who wounded two pedestrians with .22 calibre bullets on Friday.

Both shootings occurred at the same spot, on 34th Street, near Fifth Avenue. The area is one of the busiest districts of New York.

A force of 80 men has been ordered to find the bullet which went through the shoulders of a 59-year-old man.

Experts said the bullet removed from the other victim, a 46-year-old woman, could have been fired from a pistol or a rifle.

B.B.C. Gets Talk From Jerusalem

Jerusalem Post Correspondent

LONDON. — The B.B.C. programme "At Home and Abroad" on Friday night included a talk by Mr. Ted Lurie, Editor of *The Jerusalem Post*, on the situation in the North.

Speaking from Jerusalem Mr. Lurie told an audience of an estimated eight million to the B.B.C.'s peak listening hour, that international support appeared to make Nasser more belligerent.

The recorded 3-minute talk came between reports of Prime Minister Macmillan's visit to South Africa and of a threatened rail strike.

National Aeronautical Parley This Week

Jerusalem Post Reporter

HAIFA. — Aeronautical engineers from three of the largest aircraft manufacturing companies in the U.S. will participate in the national conference on aviation and astronautics to be held next Tuesday and Wednesday in Tel Aviv and Haifa. All three will speak on aspects of jet transport.

The Technion spokesman announced that the three engineers represent the Boeing, Douglas and Convair aircraft companies. They will also visit the Aeronautical Engineering Laboratories of the Technion and consult with officials of the Department of Civil Aviation.

The conference will deal with technical aspects of aviation and with social, legal and health problems of space flight. It is sponsored by the Israel Society of Aeronautical Sciences, the Israel Astronautical Society, the Civil Aviation Department and the Aeronautical Engineering Department of the Technion.

Papers to be read deal with cosmic research in Israel; the meteorology of Mars; solid fuel rockets, and the legal problem of travel and discovery in outer space. Work on all these subjects is being carried out by scientists in the country. All the papers will be published in English. *(Itim)*

Gift to Hospital In Lieu of Surgeon's Fee

TEL AVIV. — Solel Boneh has approved a $2,500 gift of equipment to Beilinson Hospital's Neuro-surgery Department, in lieu of payment to Dr. Harden Askenazi for his emergency trip to treat Rami Katz in Ghana three months ago. Dr. Askenazi, who heads the Department, waived his fee.

Rami, who suffered head injuries in a road accident, is the son of a Solel Boneh employee who was working in Ghana at the time.

In an exchange of letters between Dr. J. Shatkai, Director of Beilinson Hospital, and Mr. Simha Golan, Director of Solel Boneh's Overseas and Port Construction Company, it was agreed that Solel Boneh would contribute the equipment and the hospital would pay Dr. Askenazi his regular salary for the time he was absent.

Solel Boneh will also pay transport costs and customs duties on the equipment.

THE ME'ILIYA (Western Galilee) Local Council on Thursday night elected Alias El-Drisi, of Mapam, for Chairman. He was supported by the five votes of Mapam and Mapai and opposed by the four remaining councillors.

Newsreel Makers' Lock-out Averted

TEL AVIV. — A lock-out at the two newsreel producing companies — Geva and Herzliya films — which seemed imminent here on Friday following the renewal of a dispute between the producers and the Association of Cinema Owners over advertisement profits, was averted at the last minute. The strike would have stopped all newsreel showings, since cinema owners are obliged by law to show only local productions.

The lock-out was called off on Saturday, following a report that producers, cinema owners and Mr. Hirshberg are to meet the Minister of Commerce and Industry, Mr. Sapir, in a final attempt to reach an agreement.

Mr. A. Hirshberg, the representative of the Ministry of Commerce and Industry, disclosed at a press conference here on Friday that the dispute broke out after the cinema owners balked at suggestions to double the number of advertisements by instituting two separate reel editions of identical news features but different advertisement copy.

He added that the newsreel producers were now willing to distribute their reels free to the cinema owners and to enlarge their editions by an extra nine copies, bringing the weekly total to 21. This would promise a quicker circulation of the reels to cinemas throughout the country.

The producers had also offered the cinema owners an extra IL40,000 as the Association's share of the profits.

NEW NAZARETH MARKET BEGUN

Jerusalem Post Reporter

NAZARETH. — Work on the new IL120,000 market place started on Saturday. Dozens of curious residents gathered to watch trucks and bulldozers going into action tearing down the market which has served the town for centuries, possibly since New Testament times.

Various applications for premises have already been made at City Hall. The new market will have 16 shops on an area of a dunam and-a-half in the first stage.

Site of Jerusalem Airport Studied

The site of a civil airport in Jerusalem will be selected within a month by a committee appointed by the Minister of Transport, Mr. Y. Ben-Aharon. The committee will be headed by Aluf-Mishne Benjamin Segen. Members are Mr. Haim Marinov, Jerusalem Municipal Councillor, and Mr. Benjamin Bonne, Manager of Lydda Airport.

Canadian J.N.F. Group Arrives

A group of 79 Jewish community leaders from Winnipeg arrived here on Friday for a 16-day stay in the second Jewish National Fund Pilgrimage to come to Israel from Western Canada.

The group is headed by Rabbi Dr. Milton Aron, Rabbi of Western Canada's largest Conservative synagogue.

Another Canadian group of 30 J.N.F. and community leaders from Montreal is expected here on February 20.

Daddy,
what is
radar?
Things they have on KLM.
Does it taste nice? — No — But their food does.
Why do you like KLM, Daddy? — Because I like friendly people.
Are KLM planes new planes? — Sure — DC-8's and Electras.
Coming to Israel? — Of course, the Electra is starting next month.
I'd like to fly too, Daddy. — One day you will, son, on KLM.
KLM's worldwide network spans the globe, serving major cities in 74 countries on all six continents. For full information see your travel agent or the KLM office, 76 Allenby Rd., Tel Aviv, Tel. 61309/4/5.
KLM

THE JERUSALEM
POST
Founded as The Palestine Post in 1932 by the late GERSHON AGRON

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Sunday, February 7, 1960
9 Shvat, 5720 — 9 Sha'aban, 1379

FIGARO HERE OR THERE

THE arrival here of members of the La Scala Opera Company to present "The Marriage of Figaro" with the Israel Philharmonic Orchestra has revived the controversy which accompanied the performance of "Falstaff" a year ago. The I.P.O. claims that it needs to bring operas here occasionally, in order to give variety to its programme. In planning programmes for its inordinately long 40-week season, the Orchestra claims, the range is made more difficult because most of the great religious music, as well as the works of Wagner and Strauss, are taboo.

To these arguments the Israel National Opera replies that it has pioneered in the fulfilment of a cultural need in Israel and is just now beginning to make some headway. It points to its well-equipped studio, to the fine costume store it has built up, to the teamwork of its singers, orchestra and ensemble. It claims that for an opera to develop one must see and organize the art-form as a whole; that an opera is an organic whole, not just a fortuitous collection of singers from one place, of a chorus from another, of costumes from yet another and an orchestra from another. The Opera also takes serious issue with those who admit it is now a competent stock company, but who add that now and again people should have an opportunity to attend a truly first class performance. Cerainly, some I.N.O. performances, at least, are excellent. On the other hand, there is little force to its argument that the opera imported by the I.P.O. is not in fact a true operatic team because it does not include La Scala's star performers (who obviously cannot be spared at the height of the season) nor La Scala's own orchestra.

The trouble is that the I.N.O. is profoundly opposed to the importing of an opera by anyone, on grounds of competition, and while they claim that they merely object to the Opera's doing so, they certainly would not bring an operatic performance from abroad here themselves. The management of the Opera also points out that when "Falstaff" was imported by the Orchestra last year, the Opera suffered a loss of some IL60,000 in box-office receipts, which was an almost crippling blow. It is already feeling the effect of the I.P.O.'s "Figaro." It is also particularly unhappy because, despite the fact that it was widely known that the I.N.O. had engaged in the labour and expense of producing a Hebrew adaptation of "Figaro," the I.P.O. chose this very opera to bring here, thereby making it impossible for the I.N.O. to put on its production, at least until next season. It is no doubt true that apart from La Scala's merits, there is also a snob-value that attracts the public to imported performances.

Admittedly our fine orchestra was built up with the aid of the whole community, and only a similar devotion can raise the opera to the orchestra's level. But music and other art-forms will grow in this country only if we permit a free interchange with artists from abroad. The opera will not lose by La Scala's visit: on the contrary, the visit will create many new opera lovers who will later go to the I.N.O. performances. On the other hand, if the orchestra really needs more varied programmes, we should help it by removing some of the crippling prejudices which now hamper it unnecessarily. Even if many people do not care to hear Wagner, it should at least be encouraged to perform the great oratorios and religious music which would prove a worthy challenge to its talents, and which, as part of the artistic heritage of Western mankind, should also find a place in the Israel repertory.

Sir Anthony Eden's Memoirs (IX)

BATTLE WITH JORDAN 'A NIGHTMARE'

A MESSAGE came through from the Foreign Secretary in New York, telling me of an optimistic statement made by the President of the United States in a television interview on October 12. He had said that progress on the Suez Canal dispute had been 'most gratifying' and that it looked as though 'a very great crisis is behind us'. This confidence was ill-timed, for on the next night Soviet Russia vetoed the operative part of the resolution at the Security Council, thus denying the 18-power proposals and those of the Users' Association, which the United States Government had themselves sponsored. The Foreign Secretary was much concerned at this American attitude, which was remote from reality and would fortify the Egyptian position still further. We had hoped, at the least, for a grave statement about the serious position threatening at the Security Council and an exhortation to the United Nations to give effect to the agreed views of the eighteen powers . . . We both wished to avoid an open divergence and I told him of my intention to seize on the least optimistic of the President's phrases, underline it, and point out once again that force could not be excluded. We also agreed that he should speak plainly to the United States Government, expressing our concern at the consequences for us of these repeated and unjustified flights of hopeful fancy.

When the Foreign Secretary returned from New York, my colleagues and I talked things over. There had been a suggestion at the United Nations for a meeting between representatives of French and Egyptian Governments and ourselves at Geneva. Perhaps we could have found a pretext for going to Geneva. We might even have persuaded the French to come along too and negotiate with Nasser an agreement of sorts about the canal. It might have been dressed up to look fairly reasonable, even though I knew that it did not mean much. This was in fact approximately what happened when the Americans were later entrusted with the task, after I had resigned.

It might be said that such a policy would have led to postponing the crunch with Nasser, and would have been advantageous to us. I did not believe this and, not believing it, I could not pursue such a course. I could not return from Geneva with a piece of paper and commend it to the House of Commons, when I knew it had no real value. This would have lulled people at a time when I thought they should be alerted. It would have reassured the world about a dictator whose intentions were, I was sure, predatory. Those who did not wish to face unpleasant realities would have been encouraged, and by an agreement which I had brought about and commended. Such action would have been false to everything I had learnt in thirty years of foreign policy. Nor would it have insulated the canal from the control of one man. If we did not ensure this we were laying up certain trouble for the future, first with Israeli commerce, later with that of others.

Paris Meeting

THE Foreign Secretary and I flew to Paris on October 16 to see M. Mollet and M. Pineau. There was no lack of material for discussion, little of it encouraging . . . We had to pool our information and consider the action we must take in the light of developments in the Middle East itself and, in particular, the growing menace of hostility by Egypt against Israel. The moment that the Security Council acquiesced in the Russian veto, and relieved Colonel Nasser of any anxiety at the United Nations, tension began to grow in the area again. The *fedayeen* raids on Israel were started up afresh.

The line-up between Jordan, Egypt and Syria was becoming ever closer. There were reports of the establishment of a joint command under Egyptian direction, which in fact soon came into existence. Cairo radio blared with increasing vehemence against Israel, menacing her with destruction. Unless Israel was prepared just to sit and wait until it suited her enemies to strangle and finally destroy her, it was clear that before long she would have to take some counter-action, at least to put an end to the *fedayeen* raids. If directed against Jordan, from which some of the *fedayeen* raids were said to be mounted under Egyptian leadership, then the position for us would be terrible indeed. We had a treaty obligation to defend Jordan. The Jordanians had no effective air force, our fighter squadrons provided their only protection. Already there had nearly been an incident when, in some counter-raid, an Israeli aircraft had for the first time been engaged. Our help had been called for and our aircraft were on the point of going up, when a wise and rapid exchange of cautionary messages on the spot avoided catastrophe.

Nevertheless, the danger was there. If an attack were launched against Jordan, the Israelis would be using their French Mysteres, the delivery of a number of these having previously been agreed by the United States, France and ourselves, the three partners to the Tripartite Declaration. The Royal Air Force would be in action for Jordan, the United States would be on the sidelines. This was a nightmare which could only too easily come true; Jordan calling for support from Nasser and ourselves, Nasser calling for support from Russia, France lined up with Israel on the other side.

Splitting the West

AS long ago as January, our Ambassador had warned Jordan that Egyptian interference was highly dangerous for her. Egypt was manoeuvring to embroil Jordan with Israel. If Israel were to act against one of her encircling enemies, the choice lay between Jordan and Egypt. Syria was insufficiently important. Jordan had provided the one effective Arab military force, the Arab Legion, in the fighting of 1948-49. Despite the large supplies of Soviet equipment which the Egyptians had received, the Legion was probably still the most formidable military formation which Israel's neighbours could put into the field. It might be thought imprudent to act against Egypt while leaving the Legion intact. As against this, Egypt was the political source and inspiration of the threat to Israel. It was the Cairo radio which blared out the daily hatred and the incitement to kill. It was Nasser who had thought out the horror of the *fedayeen*. In the event, Israel found the answer by keeping her best troops in position to cover the front against Jordan, while using less experienced forces for the incursion into Sinai. They proved brilliantly equal to the call upon them.

My colleagues and I were acutely aware of the consequences of action by Israel against Jordan, which we had to do all in our power to avert. Our relations with Israel were not close or intimate, there were constant arguments about the supply of arms. Therefore, at this meeting in Paris, we asked the French Ministers to do everything they could to make clear to Israel that an attack on Jordan would have to be resisted by us. This they undertook to do. It was not only our own treaty engagements which concerned us, but the effect upon Iraq of events in Jordan. To fail to carry out our engagement would be the end of our position in the Middle East, to have to carry it out would be disastrous to Western unity. No dilemma could be more difficult. If Israel were to break out against Egypt and not against Jordan, this dilemma would not arise. For this reason, if there were to be a break-out it was better from our point of view that it should be against Egypt. On the other hand, if the break-out were against Egypt, then there would be other worries, for example the safety of the canal. We discussed these matters in all their political and military aspects. In common prudence we had to consider what our action should be, for our two countries were, as we knew, the only powers to have effective military forces at our command in the area. During recent months we had been mounting our military preparations to deal with any interference or other act by Nasser against our ships or our people. Now Nasser's policies were provoking Israel beyond endurance and this also we had to prepare for.

On October 18 at a meeting with our Cabinet colleagues in London, the Foreign Secretary and I went over the ground which we had covered in our discussions in Paris. We reported the exchanges of views which we had had with French Ministers on the stage which the negotiations had reached in the Security Council, and the direction in which the Users' Club proposals were developing. We described the increasing tension in the Middle East, with the growing danger that Israel, under provocation from Egypt, would make some military move. The position was indeed serious, but at this stage Her Majesty's Government decided they must await the proposals they had been told to expect from the Egyptians.

Storm Ahead

THE clouds were lowering and menacing in October 1956. The storm could not be far ahead. No record of events at that time can be true which does not take account of this.

One set of circumstances might have countered this rising tension. Britain, France and the United States had signed an agreement in 1950, declaring that they would prevent any violation of the armistice lines in Palestine, either by Israel or by the Arab States. If the signatories of this agreement had not only declared their intention to fulfil it, but had taken military precautions together publicly to make action effective, then there might have been sufficient comfort in such preparations to give confidence to Israel. I had made this proposal when I was in Washington in January. It had not been possible to agree upon it. Ever since I had been increasingly concerned at what the outcome must be.

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MUSICAL DIARY

Emotional Mozart

The Israel Philharmonic Orchestra, Jean Martinon, conductor; Mindru Katz, piano (Edison Hall, Jerusalem, February 3). Rossini, Overture — "Voyage to Reims"; Mozart, Piano Concerto in E-flat Major, K. 482; Berlioz: Symphonie fantastique.

THE Fifth Subscription Concert opened with a clean and spirited reading of the charming Rossini overture, which is one of so many similar writings of this prolific composer and yet shows lovable traits all its own, brought out with loving care and attention by Jean Martinon.

Mindru Katz, back from a most successful tour in England, chose one of Mozart's rarely performed concertos. This in itself is very commendable, as our pianists seem to be satisfied to play a small number of standard concertos over and over again. The E-flat Major concerto — written in the same period as "La Nozze di Figaro" — is one of the most beautiful of Mozart's many concertos. Mr. Katz is undoubtedly a pianist of many qualities, technical and musical, and his interpretation showed a personality of stature and conviction, though I doubt that Mozart should be played with so much rhythmical freedom and romantic emphasis as Mr. Katz used. But, happily, the audience liked it, and the pianist was heartily acclaimed. The Symphonie fantastique by Berlioz can be appreciated only if given a sovereign rendering and played superbly. As it was, the inspired banalities this time sounded more banal than inspired, and the few great spots in the score got lost in the large empty spaces around them.

YOHANAN BOEHM

Wagman Returns

The Kol Yisrael Orchestra, Yahli Wagman, conductor, Frank Pelleg, piano (Y.M.C.A. Auditorium, Jerusalem, February 2). Bloch: Prelude and Fugue from Concerto Grosso No. 1; Debussy: Petite Suite; Honegger: Concertino for Piano and Orchestra; Falla: "Nights in the Gardens of Spain," for Piano and Orchestra; Gould: Latin-American Sinfonietta.

YAHLI Wagman's all too infrequent guest appearances with the Kol Yisrael Orchestra always stand out for the sincerity of purpose of this young conductor. Not only has he the score completely in his head, but he also knows how to pass his conception on to the musicians who seem to follow him willingly.

Best of the evening was Manuel De Falla's work in which complete cooperation between conductor and soloist was apparent in a musically perfect and technically highly-satisfying performance. Honegger's Concertino — of 1925 vintage, when he experimented with jazz elements — is not one of the great master's best compositions, but it gave Frank Pelleg the excuse to show how he practises the piano in public. But, as the work is rarely performed, its inclusion in the programme was commendable and its reading good.

In the closing item—Morton Gould's Latin-American Sinfonietta, which is actually a suite of popular dance types—Wagman made the orchestra give of its best and even a little more. That he was able to make the staid musicians play something approaching fiery dance music in a swing manner speaks highly for his capacities as conductor and interpreter. His most likeable characteristic is his complete submersion in his music, devoid of any superficial showmanship.

M.

Loss to Haifa

RICHARD Fabian, who died last month in Haifa, was one of the veterans of the city's musical life. He organized and managed the first youth concerts nearly two decades ago, when children had little opportunity to attend concerts or to take part in them. He fulfilled an important task by giving live as well as recorded concerts accompanied by explanatory comment; and he encouraged the children to contribute creations of their own on the stage at Pevsner House. Mr. Fabian also taught a private piano class and was active as a teacher until the end. His devoted work and his efforts will always be remembered.

G.W.-R.

Newsweek
February 8, 1960
DE GAULLE
The Final Crisis?
On sale everywhere.

NEWSNAME: Seif ed-Din Zu'abi

Nazareth's Moslem Mayor

By ANAN SAFADI

MAYOR ZU'ABI

TWENTY-FOUR hours after his election, the new Mayor of Nazareth, Mr. Seif ed-Din Zu'abi, expressed his condolences to a Moslem employee who had not shaved because of the death of a cousin. "But does your beard bring him life?" the Mayor asked. "The Koran gives no such instruction," he explained to the employee, who believed that the practice of not shaving during mourning was traditional.

The new Mayor started changing attitudes and moods inside the town hall the very first day he came into office. Touring the 200-year-old Municipal building erected by Sheikh Daher el-Omar, he ordered it renovated and painted.

Dignity and Progress

His slogan to the 36 employees in the Municipal building and to 40 more working outside was "duty and dignity." Outside his "castle," Mr. Zu'abi looks for "cooperation and development."

Mr. Zu'abi was elected by a majority of nine out of the town's 15 councillors. There were two other candidates, but the four Catholics, three Moslems, the Greek Orthodox representative and the Mapam Councilman voted for him. The two Moslems representing the eastern quarter of the town joined the coalition a few days later and the head of Al-Huda Moslem list may soon come in too, leaving the three Communist councillors in opposition.

The coalition agreement calls on Mr. Zu'abi to yield his place after two years to a Catholic, Mr. Nadim Bat'hish. Whether Mr. Zu'abi will yield his place or stay in office at the request of the council, his term promises progress.

The first problem he tackled was the budget for 1960/61, which may be almost doubled to IL1.3m. Then he invited the local taxpayers to his office and asked for an immediate payment of back municipal taxes that ran up to over IL200,000. A large part of the debt was settled within a couple of weeks. Previously, only 40 per cent of the town's potential taxpayers had paid rates.

In order to exploit another source of income, Mr. Zu'abi wants to establish a special department for tourism, besides his suggestion to solve the town's water and drainage problems immediately.

Being a man of action who wishes to carry out the work properly, he recently asked for technical assistance from the Haifa Municipality, and he got it following an official visit by Haifa's Mayor, Mr. Abba Khoushy, and the heads of various departments at the Haifa Municipality. The residents of Nazareth also appreciated the friendship expressed by the gift of a valuable carpet, which Haifa's Town Clerk, Mr. Rofe, called "a small present from Haifa to its grandmother, Nazareth."

PEN FRIENDS

DAVID STRAUSS, 8 Barfields Gardens, Loughton, Essex, England wants a pen friend aged about 12. His hobbies are chess, stamps and general interests.

BILL EMERY, 11, of R.D. 2, Massillon, Ohio, U.S.A., seeks an Israel pen friend. He collects stamps.

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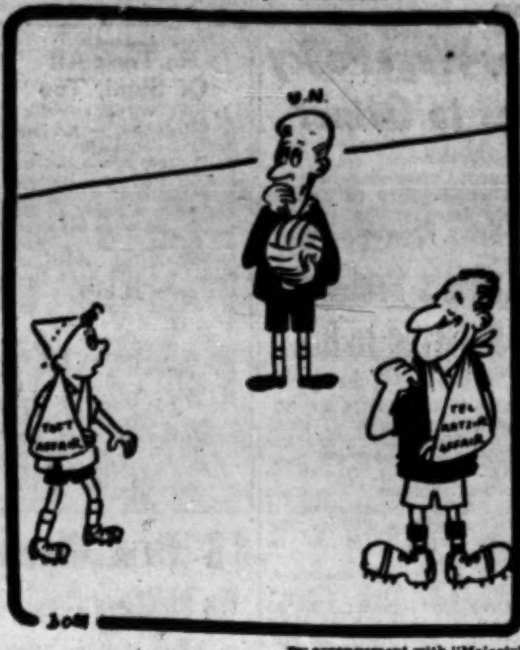
WHAT NOW, REFEREE?



By arrangement with "Ma'ariv"

FRIDAY'S PRESS

Toft Departure Not the End

THE Egyptians who are celebrating Yutlandia's decision to recall the Inge Toft, writes **Lamerhav** (Ahdut Ha'avoda), may believe that Israel will now despair and give up the fight; if they do, they are sorely mistaken. The Suez Canal shall not become an Egyptian ditch and so long as the ships of other nations ply it, so will Israel's. Egypt and her rulers will have to agree to that sooner or later.

Ha'aretz (non-party) finds that this latest phase in our fight for free passage must teach us that it will not do to send vessels with our cargo to Suez. The procedure only helps the Egyptian dictator to an easy victory, and does not enhance Israel's fighting prestige in the eyes of the peoples of Asia and Africa.

Herut avers that this resounding defeat is the work of our bungling Government which is at a loss to plan follow-ups and threw away the fruits of the splendid Sinai victory at the conference table.

Hamodia (World Aguda) notes that the Inge Toft was a test ship — for the U.N. — and the defeat is therefore the World Organization's. But that is small comfort for us and it is not easy to say what the next step should be. No one believes that Israel, in the present circumstances, can dream of smashing the embargo. Nor can she look forward to support from the seafaring nations, which seem afraid to upset Nasser. So Israel remains almost alone, facing the choice of acting or seeing her foreign trade curtailed. Once again she needs the mercy of Heaven, and even miracles, and she must make herself worthy of them.

Al Hamishmar (Mapam) points out that although the Secretary-General has let us down, we cannot exempt the United Nations of its duty.

Haboker (General Zionist) criticizes Mr. Hammarskjold's handling of the Suez issue as well as his view that both sides should recognize U.N. hegemony over the demilitarized zone in the North. He is deluding himself if he believes that Israel will concede her sovereignty over this area, but he may give the Syrians the idea he, no less than they, is interested in getting Israel out. What is his game: to set up a U.N. force in the Khirbet Tawafik area?

In an effort to discover the motives of Egypto-Syrian border provocations of late, **Davar** (Histadrut) states that we should not forget it is Soviet arms and know-how that have given U.A.R. the means and boldness to carry out aggression.

Goldmann Zionism May Appeal to Some in U.K.

By S. J. GOLDSMITH
Jerusalem Post Correspondent

LONDON. — THE Zionist Federation of Great Britain and Ireland finds itself in a delicate situation after the recent meeting of the Zionist General Council in Jerusalem. The Federation's representatives were against the inclusion of non-Zionist groups in the Jewish Agency, but only spoke and did not vote against it.

Mr. W. Perry, the Chairman of the Federation who was himself at the Jerusalem meeting, told a press conference here that "the new constitution has no relevance in Britain, because there are no outside bodies here wanting to join the Jewish Agency." But since the Zionist Federation and the Mizrahi Federation between them do not embrace all British Jews, there may be some people willing to make use of the new possibilities. If the plan, as Dr. Goldmann envisaged it, succeeds in America, it may catch on over here. It is conceivable that British non-Zionists will address themselves to the Jerusalem Executive and say: "Here we are, take us in." They need not even tell the Z.F. about it.

Mr. Perry is aware of such a contingency, yet seems unwilling to contemplate it.

Dr. S. Levenberg, the Representative of the Jewish Agency in Great Britain, not himself an enthusiastic supporter of the new constitution, has made his peace with it. He told the same press conference: "This is now Zionist Law and we must make it work." I. Nathani, of Mapam, another member of the Council, criticized the new arrangements, but his party is, of course, committed to make them work as much as any other.

A more immediate issue facing British Zionists is the streamlining of the machinery for Western Aliya. Whatever the merits of the "pull of Israel" and the "push of anti-Semitism" controversy, the fact is that since the outbreak of the swastika rash, inquiries about *aliya* have increased markedly in Britain and other Western European countries. This trend cannot be effectively exploited so long as half-a-dozen Zionist Federation and Jewish Agency offices all deal with *aliya* in Britain. Dr. Levenberg announced a campaign to streamline the effort for *aliya* inside the Jewish Agency and a single authority representing the Government of Israel and the Agency is being created. This is a timely move.

NATURE NOTES

Providing For The Morrow

ALL behaviourists are agreed that the most intelligent mammals (apart from man) are the chimpanzees, and the most intelligent birds by far the raven family. If proof were needed, here is a story about a Hoodie crow *(Corvus cornix — 'Orev afur')*. Before telling it, may I remind European readers that the hoarding and burying of nuts by squirrels (which we have not got in Israel, alas!) is purely an instinctive activity, not reasoned.

Well, here is what my young friend the tractor driver told me when asked the usual question: "Have you seen a Nature Note?" — "I have! You must know that when you plough a field the voles, poor things, flee to the windrow (the edge of the field remaining unploughed), so that after a while there is a great congregation of voles running desperately to and fro. This is, of course, observed by the Hoodie crows which follow the plough, and they go and gorge themselves. Most of them, when they can eat no more, fly to a tree and digest. But today I saw one killing a vole and then neatly burying it, scratching a grave with his foot and carefully smoothing the earth over it! He was obviously providing for the morrow, when my tractor and plough would not be there and the voles would be dispersed underground once more. I did not see any of the other crows do this, even though several watched him. Probably they did not catch on, and this one crow was of superior intelligence."

I think my tractor driver is quite right.

P.A.

Pipe smoker's choice!
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Readers' Letters

DEFENCE OF WINDOW-DRESSERS

Editor, The Jerusalem Post

Sir, — In your December 18 supplement, you reported a talk on Israel window displays given by Mr. George Him, a London designer who had been invited by the Government Tourist Corporation to advise local shopkeepers how to improve the appearance of our shops.

We fully agree with his opinion that very few window displays in Israel attract the eye. We must point out, however, that while Israel has a considerable number of expert window dressers who are undoubtedly capable of decorating show windows in a style which does not compare unfavourably with that of their colleagues abroad, the special conditions obtaining in our country deprive them of the objective opportunity of doing so.

Department stores like those in Europe and America do not exist here at all. Stores of this kind have at least one chief window dresser, and a whole team working under his supervision; there are also a technical department and a department for painting posters. Such firms have large budgets for this item. These shops leave their imprint on the general appearance of the city.

Mr. Him said that the question of how much should be put into the window should be decided by the window dresser and not the shopkeeper. In Israel, there are many small shops which sell the same kind of commodity and their owners have a hard struggle for existence. For this reason, the opinion is prevalent amongst merchants here that goods which are not displayed in the show windows cannot be sold and they insist that the window dresser, whose livelihood depends on the shopkeeper, after all, carry out their wishes in this respect.

Yours, etc.
D. ROSENBERG
Chairman of The Window Dressers Association of Israel
Tel Aviv, January 4.

CHLORINE & BROMINE

Editor, The Jerusalem Post

Sir, — Among other details, in an article on the salination threat to an extensive arable area (your issue of January 18) your reporter mentioned that: ". . . The heavy accumulation of chemicals, specifically bromine, would render the soil infertile."

I presume your reporter meant "chlorine" and not "bromine." Bromine accumulation in soils is of so small a measure that no deleterious effects from its use have ever been reported.

On the contrary, the application of bromides in various forms has been a most successful treatment against a major world pest, i.e. eelworms (nematodes).

Yours, etc.
G. SEGELMAN
Head of Agriculture Department
Dead Sea Bromine Company Ltd.
Beersheba, January 20.

CAR RADIOS TAX

Editor, The Jerusalem Post

Sir, — Users of more than one radio receiver — transistor or otherwise — pay only IL5 for use of the extra set. Owners of car radios, however, have to pay an extra IL10. This is the second year I have had to pay the full rate. Why the discrimination?

Yours, etc.
M. R.
(Name and Address Supplied)
Jerusalem, January 17.

Post Office Replies

An "additional" radio is considered one which is located in the same flat as the first radio.

No change has been made as regards the licence fee for a radio in a car, which remains IL10.

POST OFFICE MANAGEMENT
Jerusalem, February 2.

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